

ORDER NO. ARP1714

TWIN-TRAY COMPACT DISC PLAYER

# PD-T503 PD-T303-S PD-T403

PD-T503, PD-T303, PD-T303-S AND PD-T403 HAVE SEVEN VERSIONS:

		Applicab	le model		-	Export destination	
Туре	PD-T503	PD-T303	PD-T303 -S	PD-T403	Power requirement		
KU	0	0		0	AC120V only	U. S. A	
KC	0	0	_	0	AC120V only	Canada	
HEM	<del>-</del> .	0	0	_	AC220V, 240V (switchable)*	European continent	
НВ		0	-		AC220V, 240V (switchable)*	United Kingdom	
SD	0	0		-	AC110V, 120V-127V, 220V, 240V (switchable)	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and general market	
SD/G	0		_		AC110V, 120V-127V, 220V, 240V (switchable)	U. S. Military	
HP	_	0		_	AC220V, 240V (switchable) *	Australia	

\*Change the position of jumper of the transformer board assembly.

- This manual is applicable to the PD-T503/KU, KC, PD-T303/KU, KC and PD-T403/KU, KC types.
- For the PD-T303/KC and PD-T403/KU, KC types, refer to page 93.
- For the other types, refer to additional service manuals.
- The PD-T303-S/HEM is the same as the PD-T303/HEM except for the color.
- Ce manuel pour le service comprend les explications en français de réglage.
- ♠ Este manual de servicio trata del método ajuste escrito en español.

#### PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION

PIONEER ELECTRONICS SERVICE INC. PIONEER ELECTRONICS OF CANADA, INC. PIONEER ELECTRONIC [EUROPE] N.V.

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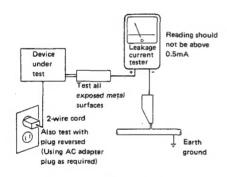
## 1 SAFETY INFORMATION

#### 1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The following check should be performed for the continued protection of the customer and service technician.

#### LEAKAGE CURRENT CHECK

Measure leakage current to a known earth ground (water pipe, conduit, etc.) by connecting a leakage current tester such as Simpson Model 229-2 or equivalent between the earth ground and all exposed metal parts of the appliance (input/output terminals, screwheads, metal overlays, control shaft, etc.). Plug the AC line cord of the appliance directly into a 120V AC 60Hz outlet and turn the AC power switch on. Any current measured must not exceed 0.5mA.



AC Leakage Test

ANY MEASUREMENTS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS OUTLINED ABOVE ARE INDICATIVE OF A POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD AND MUST BE CORRECTED BEFORE RETURNING THE APPLIANCE TO THE CUSTOMER.

#### 2. PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE

Many electrical and mechanical parts in the appliance have special safety related characteristics. These are often not evident from visual inspection nor the protection afforded by them necessarily can be obtained by using replacement components rated for voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified in this Service Manual.

Electrical components having such features are identified by marking with a  $\triangle$  on the schematics and on the parts list in this Service Manual.

The use of a substitute replacement component which dose not have the same safety characteristics as the PIONEER recommended replacement one, shown in the parts list in this Service Manual, may create shock, fire, or other hazards.

Product Safety is continuously under review and new instructions are issued from time to time. For the latest information, always consult the current PIONEER Service Manual. A subscription to, or additional copies of, PIONEER Service Manual may be obtained at a nominal charge from PIONEER.

## -(FOR EUROPEAN MODEL ONLY)

VAROITUSI
LAITE SISALTÄÄ LASERDIODIN, JOKA
LÄHETTÄÄ NAKYMATÖNTÄ, SILMILLE
VAARALLISTA INFRAPUNASÄTEILYÄ
LAITTEEN SISALLÄ ON LASERDIODIN
LAHEISYYDESSÄ KUVAN 1. MUKAINEN
VAROITUSMERKKI.

ADVERSEL:
USYNLIG LASERSTRÄLING VED ÄBNING
NÄR SIKKERHEDSAFBRYDERE ER UDE
AF FUNKTION UNDGÅ UDSAETTELSE
FOR STRÅLING.

VIKTIGT APARATEN INNEHÅLLER LASER AV HÖGRE KLASS ÄN 1. INGREPP I APPARATEN BÖR GÖRAS AV SPECIELLT UTBILDAD PERSONAL.



LASER Kuva 1 Lasersateilyn varoitusmerkki

rWARNING

DEVICE INCLUDES LASER DIODE WHICH EMITS INVISIBLE INFRARED RADIA-TION WHICH IS DANGEROUS TO EYES. THERE IS A WARNING SIGN ACCORDING TO PICTURE 1 INSIDE THE DEVICE CLOSE TO THE LASER DIODE.



LASER
Picture 1
Warning sign for laser radiation

IMPORTANT

PIONEER COMPACT DISC PLAYER APPARATUS CONTAINS LASER OF HIGHER CLASS THAN 1. SERVICING OPERATION OF THE APPARATUS SHOULD BE DONE BY A SPECIALLY INSTRUCTED PERSON.

## 2. DISASSEMBLY

## • REMOVAL OF CLAMPER HOLDER

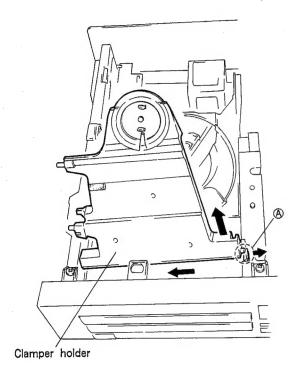


Fig. 2-1

## • REMOVAL OF TRAY 1

★ (Refer to page 34)

## • REMOVAL OF TRAY 2

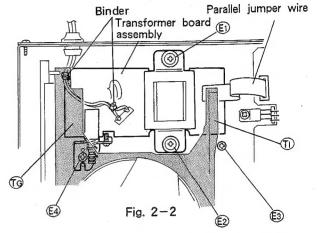
★ Set tray 2 to the OPEN position and remove it in accordance with "removal of tray 1" in page 34.

## REMOVAL OF SERVO MECHANISM ASSEMBLY

- Move tray 1 to the complete-open position and remove it. (Refer to page 34)
- Move tray 2 to the CLOSE position and manually rotate gear—pulley and move tray 2 to a position allowing removal of the servo mechanism assembly screws.
- 3. Remove the four screws holding the servo mechanism assembly, flexible cable, and connectors, etc., as required.

## REMOVAL OF TRANSFORMER BOARD ASSEMBLY

- After turning OFF the power switch, be sure to remove the plug of the power cord from the wall outlet,
- 2. Rotate the gear-pulley by hand so that to displace the parts of tray (3) and (11) from the transformer board assembly.
- Remove 4 screws (E) − (E4), binder, and the CN301 parallel jumper, shown in Fig. 2-2.



- 4. After confirming that the power is OFF, remove the POWER SW joint from the POWER SW. (In order to prevent movement of the POWER SW joint, move the POWER SW to the back together with the board.)
- 5. Slide the transformer board assembly in the ① direction as shown in Fig. 2-3, and stand up the transformer board assembly in the ② direction while making sure that there is no contact with the servo mechanism assembly and

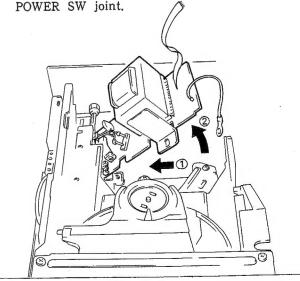


Fig. 2-3

# • REMOVAL OF SW BOARD ASSEMBLY (BOARD FOR U, S, AND L POSITION DETECTION SW)

Note: Tray mechanism assembly must be removed previously to remove SW board assembly.

- 1. Manually rotate gear-pulley to a position where tray 1 and tray 2 overlap.
- Remove 2 binders (K) · (K2), cable clamp section
   (K3) · (K4), and CN1 through CN3 in Fig. 2-4.

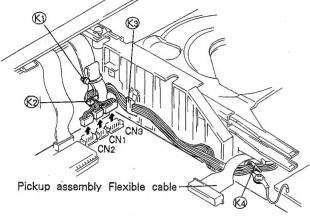


Fig. 2-4

- 3. Remove four screws (1) (14) holding the loading base assembly and guide-base, and two screws (B) (B2) holding the front panel.
- Note:Be careful that shorter ones are used for screw (B2) holding front panel, and screw (S) holding coupling plate.
  - 4. As shown in Fig. 2-5, lift up guide-base towards the back while pushing in the front panel direction.
  - 5. After confirming the 

    section (Protrusion section for positioning the bottom of the guide base) in Fig. 2-5 has been removed, move the mechanism toward the rear panel by lifting up the back and making sure not to damage flexible cable (in Fig. 2-4) of the pickup assembly.
  - Remove the mechanism assembly while making sure not to damage ② (front panel screw retaining section), and place at the left side of the unit.
  - Rotate gear-pulley by hand to the position that none of the three switches U, S and L is pressed (which is slightly forward position from the state that tray 1 overlaps tray 2). (Refer to Fig. 2-6)
  - 8. Remove one screw N holding the SW board assembly and remove the SW board assembly. When attaching it, fix J601's lead wires to place between SW board assembly and chassis as shown in Fig. 2-6.

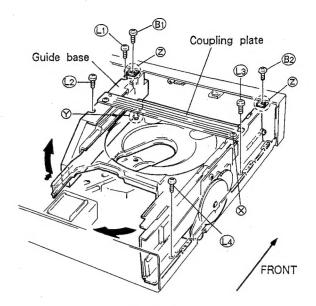


Fig. 2-5

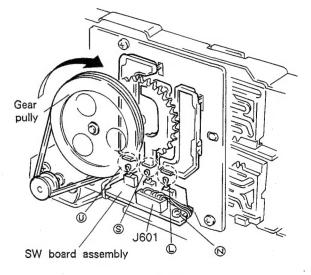


Fig. 2-6

## REMOVAL OF LOADING MOTOR

- 1. Remove rubber-belt after completing steps 1 through 7 in "Removal of SW Board Assembly".
- 2. Remove retaining ring ₱ holding gear-pulley in Fig. 2-10 and remove gear-pulley.
- 3. Remove retaining ring @ holding gear, and remove gear
- 4. Remove 3 screws ℝ1 ℝ3 holding motor-base, and remove motor-base.
- 5. Remove 2 screws (S1) · (S2) holding loading motor.

When attaching, be sure to guide the lead wires of J601 so that they are between the SW board assembly and the chassis. (Refer to Fig. 2-6)

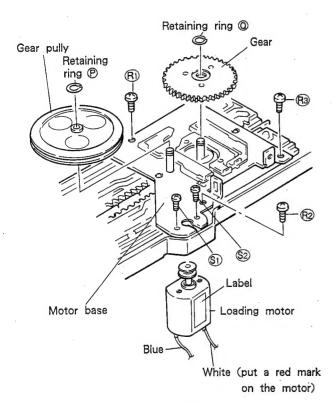


Fig. 2-7

### • REMOVAL OF FL PLATE A

- Lift up FL plate A, paying attention that the two upper claws do not become damaged.
- 2. Release FL plate A from the two claws attached to the lower part of the hole in the front panel.
- 3. Remove FL plate A in the direction of the arrow

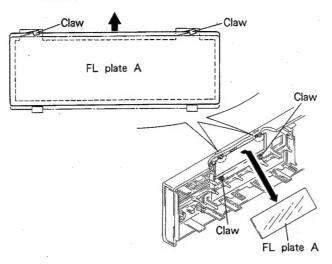


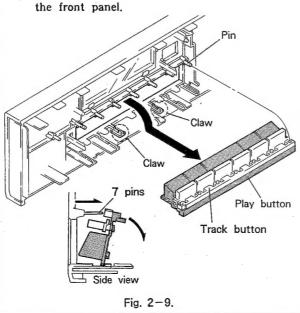
Fig. 2-8.

#### REMOVAL OF PLAY BUTTON

Note: If excessive force is applied when removing the play button, it may be damaged or deformed.

Therefore, proceed in the following order.

- Slowly pull out the play button along with track button towards the front,
- Rotate the play button and track button as the two claws catch to pull it off the 7 pins.
- 3. Remove the play button and track button from



## 3. REASSEMBLY

## • ATTACHMENT OF TRAY 1

\* Refer to page 36.

## • ATTACHMENT OF TRAY 2

★ Set slide-angle L unit to the foremost posision (where opening of tray 2 is completed), and attach tray 2 in accordance with "attachment of tray 1" in page 36.

## • ATTACHMENT OF RACK U AND RACK L

Set shaft (SD) of slide-angle U unit, shaft (SD) of slide-angle L unit, auxiliary arm U, and auxiliary arm L to the positions shown in Fig. 3-1.

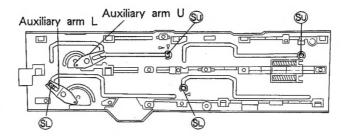


Fig. 3-1

- 2. As shown in Fig. 3-2, attach the racks U·L so that the tips are at the tip positions (M) and (M) of each ► mark sticked on the chassis. Insert the upper portion of the rack first and attach it as arrow shown in Fig. 3-3.
- 3. Tighten 5 screws (B1) (B5).

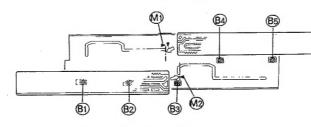


Fig. 3-2

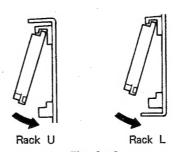


Fig. 3-3

## • ATTACHMENT OF MOTOR-BASE

- 1. Make sure that the positions of rack L and rack U are within the range indicated by the dotted lines in relation to the position of ⊙ in Fig. 3-4. (Position at which U, S, and L switches are all OFF.)
- 2. Make sure that the 3 switch levers (U, S, and L) attached to motor—base are not pushing each switch.
- 3. Attach motor-base,

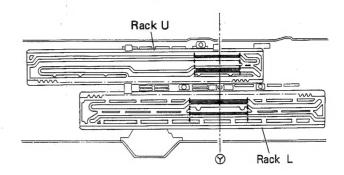


Fig. 3-4

## • ATTACHMENT OF GEAR

- 1. As shown in Fig. 3-5, position rack U fully to the left and rack L fully to the right.

  (When attaching the gear with the tray inserted, set the tray horizontally in a similar manner to the inserted condition. Also, when shifting the rack U and rack L to the position as shown in Fig. 3-5, shift the both racks at the same time. (This is because the mechanism is designed as mentioned in "Relationship between slide angle shaft movement range and tray movement range" on page 71.))
- 2. Attach the gear and hold in place with retaining ring Q.

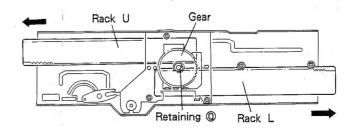


Fig. 3-5

# • ATTA

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  high
- 3. Atta
- 4. Atta to s guid

Slide and



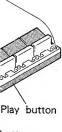
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moving the deformed, order, along with

tton as the 7 pins. outton from



## 3. REASSEMBLY

## • ATTACHMENT OF TRAY 1

★ Refer to page 36.

## • ATTACHMENT OF TRAY 2

★ Set slide—angle L unit to the foremost posision (where opening of tray 2 is completed), and attach tray 2 in accordance with "attachment of tray 1" in page 36.

## • ATTACHMENT OF RACK U AND RACK L

Set shaft (SD) of slide-angle U unit, shaft (SD) of slide-angle L unit, auxiliary arm U, and auxiliary arm L to the positions shown in Fig. 3-1.

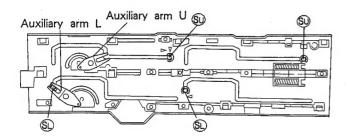


Fig. 3-1

- 2. As shown in Fig. 3-2, attach the racks U·L so that the tips are at the tip positions (M) and (M2) of each ▶ mark sticked on the chassis. Insert the upper portion of the rack first and attach it as arrow shown in Fig. 3-3.
- 3. Tighten 5 screws (Bi) (B5).

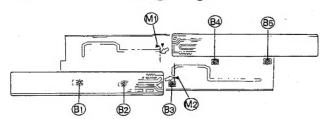
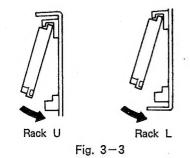


Fig. 3-2



## • ATTACHMENT OF MOTOR-BASE

- Make sure that the positions of rack L and rack U are within the range indicated by the dotted lines in relation to the position of ⊙ in Fig. 3-4. (Position at which U, S, and L switches are all OFF.)
- Make sure that the 3 switch levers (U, S, and L) attached to motor-base are not pushing each switch.
- 3. Attach motor-base,

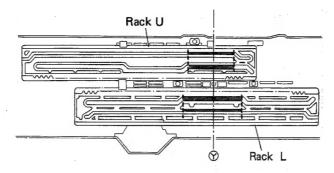


Fig. 3-4

## ATTACHMENT OF GEAR

- 1. As shown in Fig. 3-5, position rack U fully to the left and rack L fully to the right. (When attaching the gear with the tray inserted, set the tray horizontally in a similar manner to the inserted condition. Also, when shifting the rack U and rack L to the position as shown in Fig. 3-5, shift the both racks at the same time. (This is because the mechanism is designed as mentioned in "Relationship between slide angle shaft movement range and tray movement range" on page 71.))
- 2. Attach the gear and hold in place with retaining ring Q.

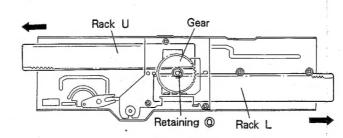


Fig. 3-5

## • ATTACHMENT OF SYNCHRONOUS LEVER

Note: Attach with tray 1 and tray 2 removed.

- Refer to Fig. 3-6 and remove 2 screws (1)
   (2) and slide guide-base toward main board assembly.
- Manually rotate gear-pulley and position slide
   -angle U unit and slide-angle L unit at their highest positions.
- 3. Attach sections © and ® of synchronous lever to sections © and ® respectively.
- 4. Attach sections ① and ® of synchronous lever to section ① of the guide and section ⑩ of guide—base respectively.

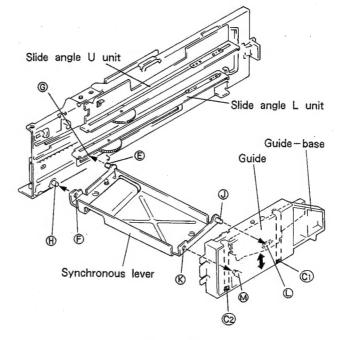


Fig. 3-6

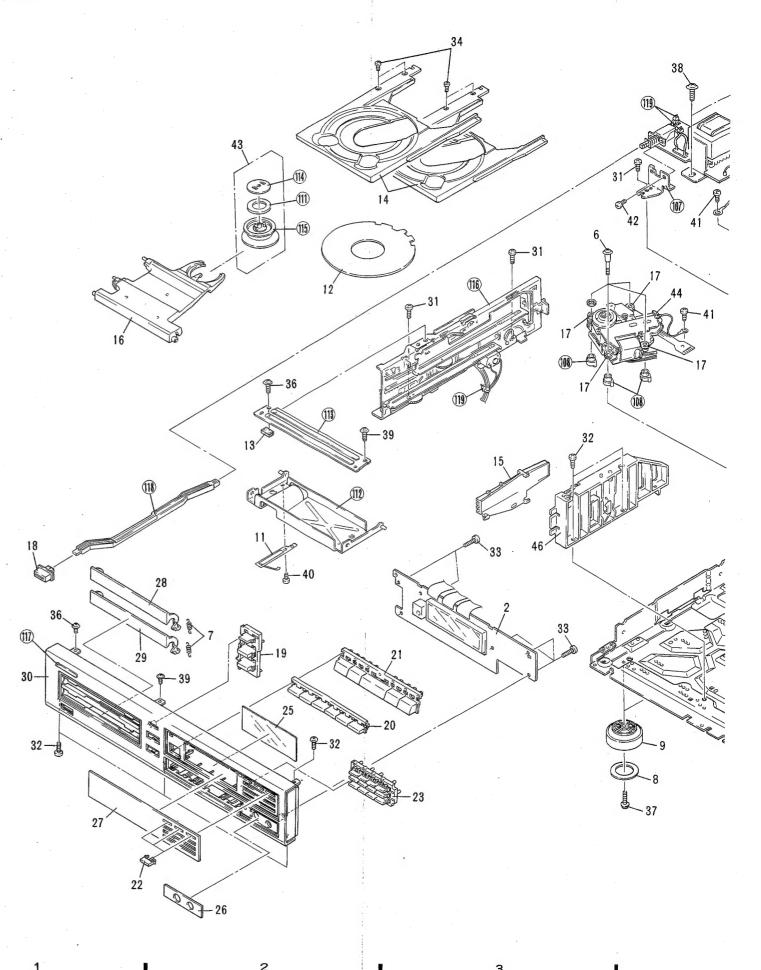
## 4. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST

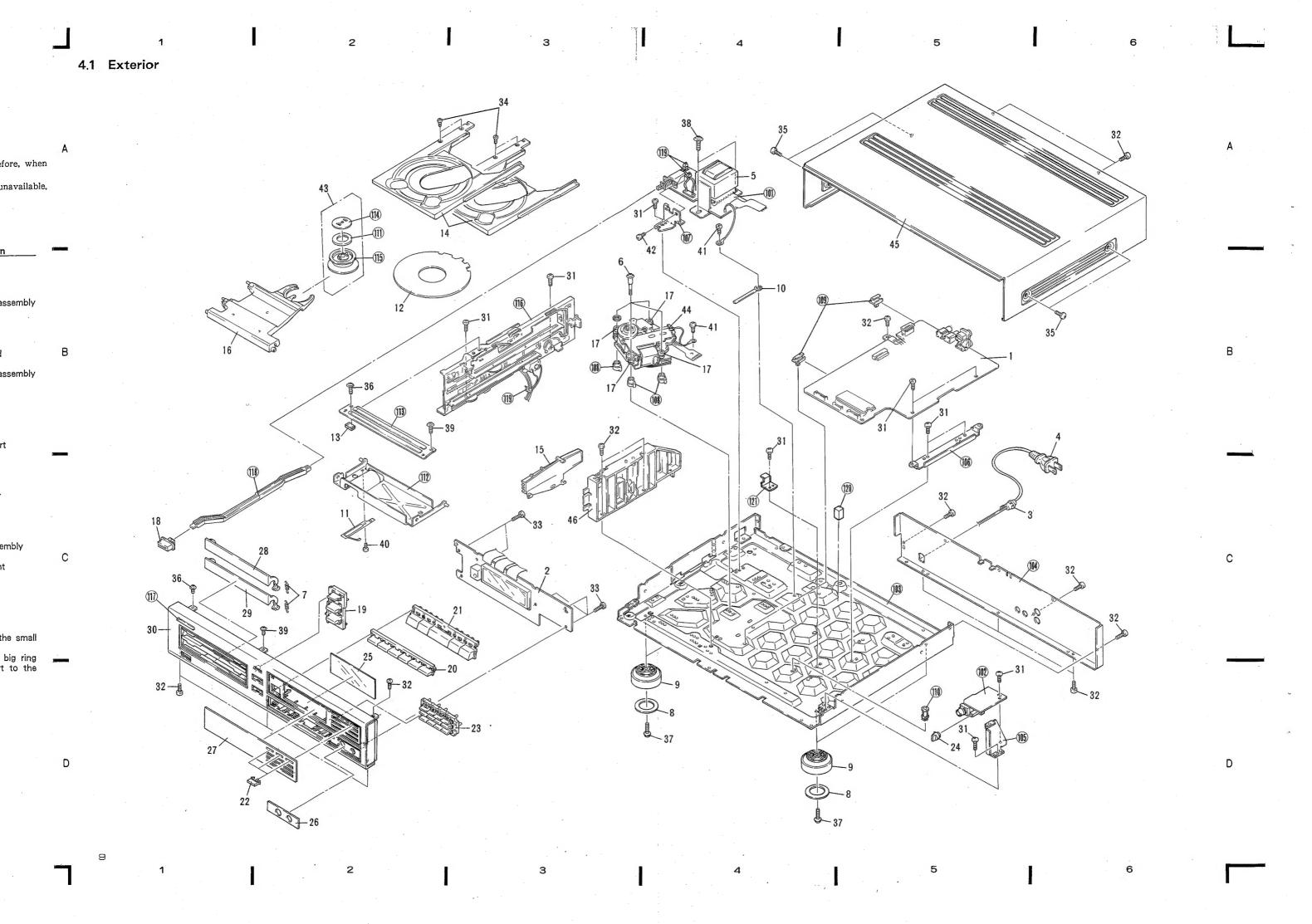
## NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
  The mark found on some component parts indicates the impotance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- Parts marked by "O" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

## Parts List of Exterior

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Ma	rk	No.	Part No.	Description	_
<b>△</b> ⊙ <b>△</b> <b>△</b> <b>△</b>	1 2 3 4 5	PWZ1565 PWZ1571 CM-22C PDG1015 PTT1091	Main board assembly Control board assembly Strain relief AC Power cord Power transformer			42 43 44	PDZ30P050FMC PMZ30P060FCU PYY1088 PYY1091 PYY1093	Screw Screw Clamper assembly Servo mechanism assembly Bonnet	
	6 7 8 9 10	PNW1376 RNH-184	Screw Door spring Stopper Insulator Cord clamper	•		101 102 103	PNW1477	Guide base Transformer board assembly Headphone board assembly Under base	В
	13	PBK1060 PHC1043 PNM1011 PNW1475 PNW1476	Plate spring Spacer (For Packing) Cushion rubber Tray Guide			104 105 106 107 108		Rear base Panel angle P.C.B angle Switch angle Mechanism support	
	17 18	PNW1479 PEB1014 PAC1058 PAC1347	Clamper holder Froating rubber Power Button (OFF/ON) O/C-Button (TIME, OPEN/CLOSE DISC I, II)			109 110 111 112 113		Magnet Synchronous lever Joint plate	
	20	PAC1348	Track Button (AUTO EJECT, REPEAT,  ←, →, ←, →)			114 115 116		Yoke Clamper	
		PAC1349 PAC1350	Play Button (■, ■, ►, DISC I, DISC II) Button (A) (PROGRAM, RANDOM			117 118 119 120		Loading base assembly Name plate Power switch joint Binder Hold Rubber	С
	23	PAC1351	PLAY, EDIT) Select Button (1, 2, 3, +10, 4, 5, 6, ≥20, 7, 8, 9, 10)			121	Ċ	Hold angle	
	24 25	PAC1370 PAM1255	Knob (LEVEL) FL Plate (A)	*1.	ring	part.		big ring part and the small the leg, stick the big ring	
	27 28 29	PAM1265 PAM1266 PNW1498 PNW1499 PYY1104	Name plate Window Door 1 Door 2 Control panel unit		part			the small ring part to the	
		BBZ30P060FMC BBZ30P080FZK BBZ30P120FMC BMZ20P040FZK FBT40P080FZK	Screw Screw Screw Screw Screw						D
	37 38 39	IBZ30P050FZK IBZ30P120FCC PSA40P080FZB IPZ30P080FMC PDZ26P050FMC	Screw Screw Screw Screw Screw				(For the front leg)	(For the rear leg)	





## Parts List of Mechanism Section

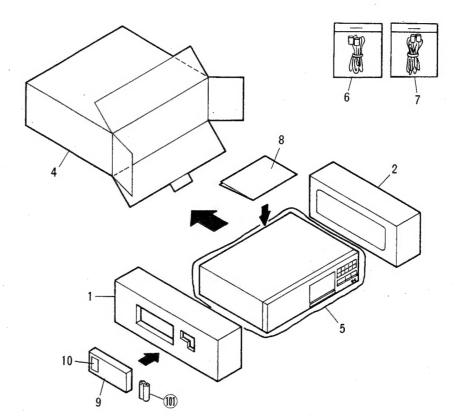
Mark	No.	Part No.	Description		Mai	rk No.	Part No.	Descri	otion
	1 2	PBA1037	Semiconductive ceramicapacitor Screw M2×2.5	ic		101 102 103		Earth lead uni Motor pulley Base plate	
	3 4 5	PBH1008 PBK1057 PEB1072	Drive spring Plate spring Belt			104 105 106		Carriage M bo Motor base Binder	ard
	*2 7 8 9	PLA1003 PLA1004 PNW1063 PNW1064	Drive screw Guide bar Carriage plate Disc table			107 108		Loading base SW board ass	
	10 11	PNW1066 PNW1520	Pulley  Mechanism chassis		*2.	replacemen	nt, apply oils (GE	. 15 Pickup ass M1002) to No. apply proper qua	7 guide bar.
		PSH1003 PYY1109	Slide switch (S101, INSIDE) Spindle motor assemb	ly		to the gui	ide bar surface	evenly.	
		PXM1002	(with oil) Motor (CARRIAGE, LOADING	)					
		PWY1009 BPZ20P080FZK	Pick-up assembly Screw						
		PMZ20P030FMC PYY1025	Screw Motor assembly (CARRIAGE)						
		PXM1001 PYY1091	Spindle motor Servo mechanism assembly	-					
	22 23	PBA1035 PBH1074 PBH1076 PEB1106 PNW1478	Screw Spring Spring Belt Sync gear						
	26 27 28 29 30	PNW1486 PMZ20P030FMC PPZ26P080FMC PSZ26P050FMC WA32L060C035	Gear Screw Screw Screw Washer						
	31 32 33	WT26D047D025 YE25FUC PYY1089	Washer E ring Motor assembly (LOADING)						
		PNB1180 PNB1181	Auxiliary arm (U) Auxiliary arm (L)						
	37 38	PNW1481 PNW1482 PNW1483 PNW1484 PNW1485	Rack (U) Rack (L) Switch lever (U) Switch lever (S) Switch lever (L)						
<ul><li> </li><li> </li><li> </li></ul>	43	PNW1487 PNW1488 PXT1025 PXT1026	Gear pulley Loading base Slide angle (U) unit Slide angle (L) unit						

## 5. PACKING

## Parts List of Packing

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
3	1	PHA1087	Protector (L)
	2	PHA1088	Protector (R)
:	3	PHC1043	Spacer (in the tray 2)
	4	PHG1269	Packing case
		PHG1293	Packing case (KC type)
	5	Z23-007	Sheet
	6 7	PDE-319 PDE1002	Connection cord
	•	PRB1077	
	0	PROTUTT	Operating instructions (English)
		PRE1078	Operating instructions (English, French) (KC type)
	9	PWW1030	Remote control unit
	10	PZN1001	_
	10	FZINIOUI	Battery cover
- ", "	101		Battery

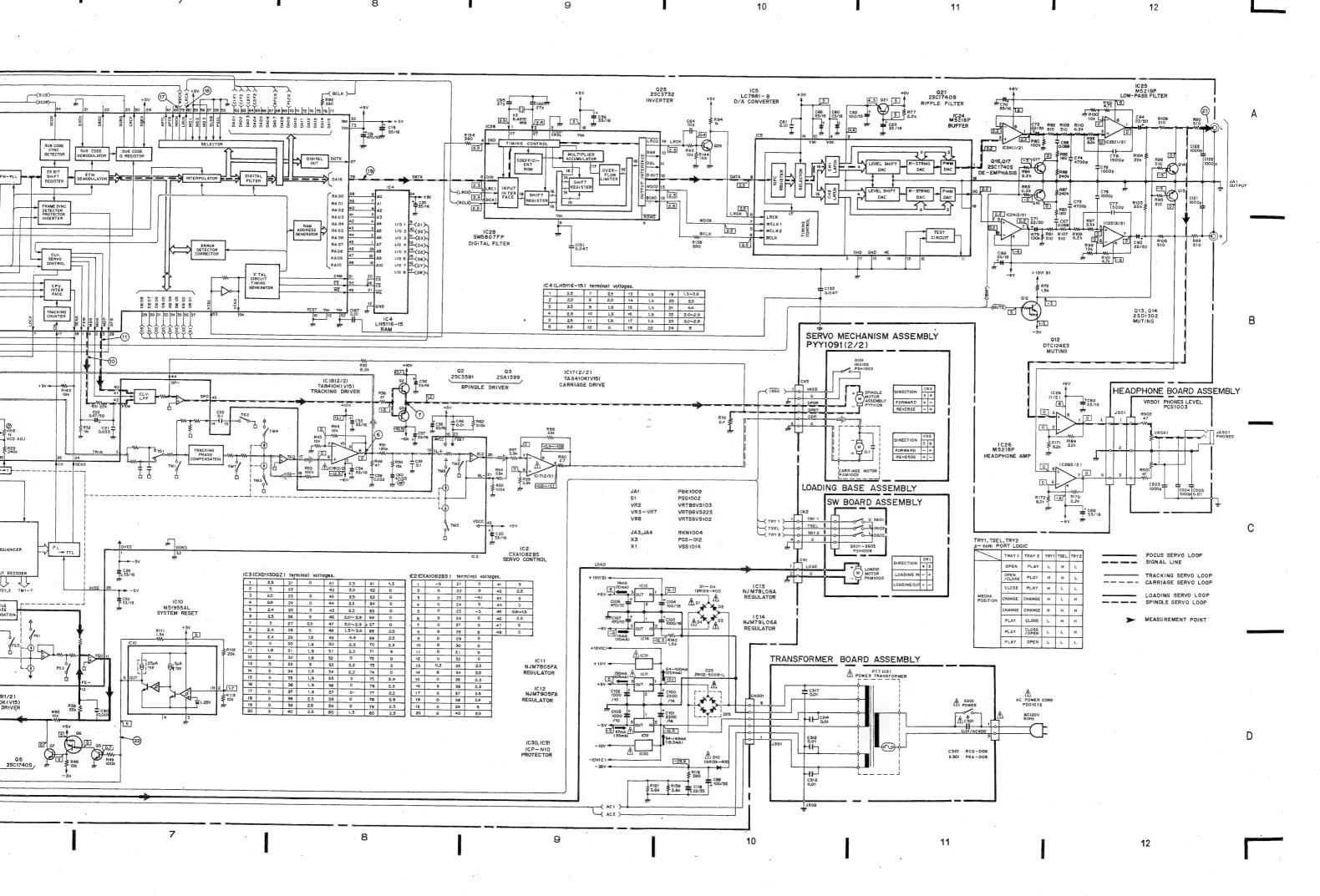
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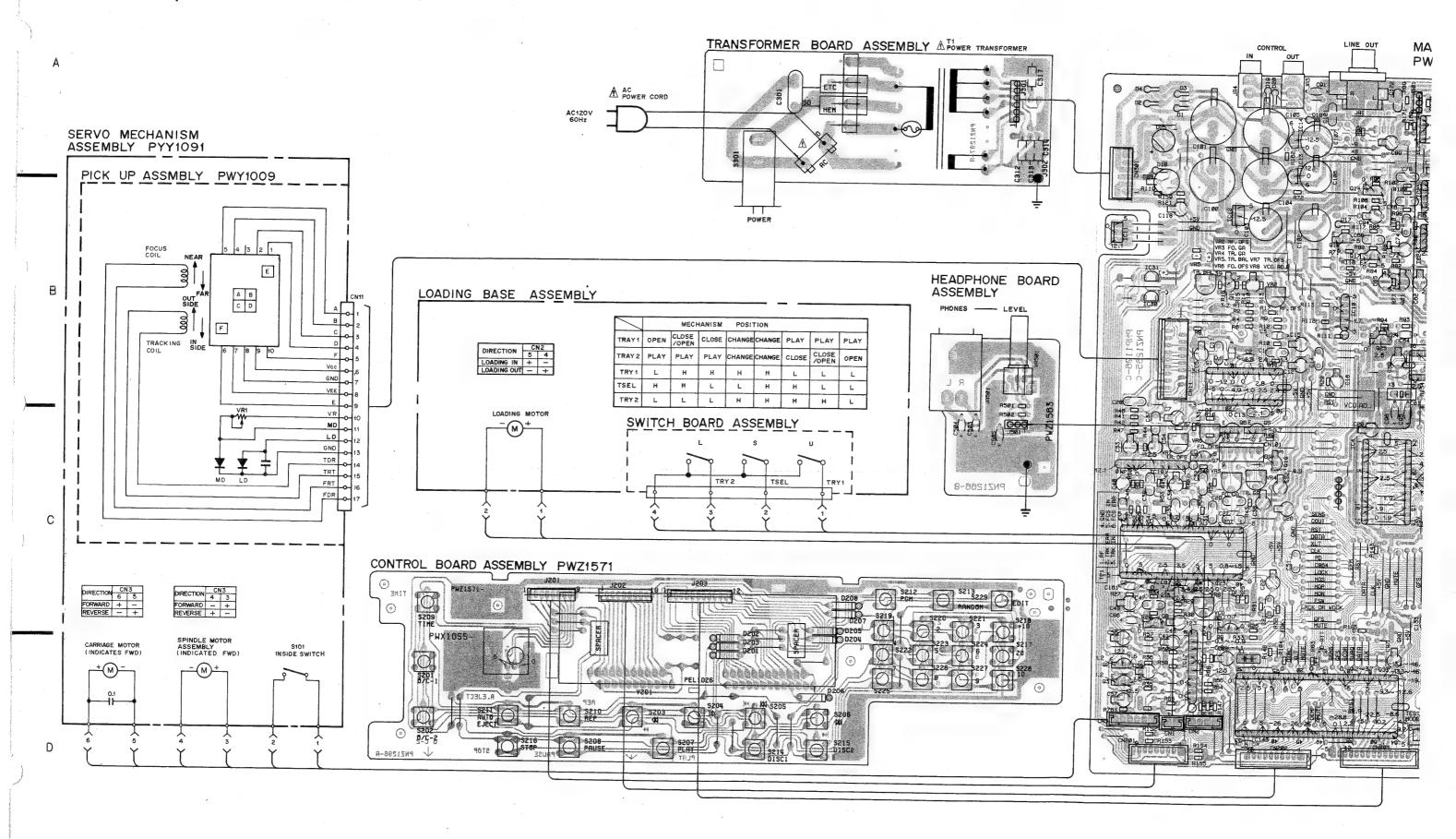


6. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM SERVO MECHANISM ASSEMBLY PYY1091 (1/2) MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY PWZ1565 Indicated in  $\Omega$ , 1/6W,  $\pm$ 5% tolerance unless otherwise noted k;  $k\Omega$ , M;  $M\Omega$ , (F);  $\pm$ 1%, (G);  $\pm$ 2%, (K);  $\pm$ 10%, (M);  $\pm$ 20% PICK-UP ASSEMBLY PWY1009 GEFE COFFE COFFF C 5 IC3 CXD1130QZ DECODER Indicated in capacity (µF) /voltage (V) unless otherwise noted C15 33/16 p; pF. Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor. 固 CENTER VOLTAGE BUFFER E C12 ## SUB CODE SYNC DETECTOR A B C D R20 100k R21 2.5 C16 C17 0.47/50 C17 ⇒ : Signal route.
⊘ ; Adjusting point. ②: Adjusting point.
The ≜ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
※marked capacitor and resistors have parts numbers. Rt1 8.2k (1) R24 ₹ R23 1 ₹R12 \$2.2k LD POWER ADJ. 10 VR 10 ₹R25 This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may VR2 10k FOCUS ERROR 14) 0 0 ₹19 10k DEFECT R22 100k¥ 9 ¥ TRACKING E 5. SWITCHES (Underline indicates switch position) SWITCHES (Underline indicates of Main board assembly S1 : TEST Control board assembly S201: DISC I OPEN/CLOSE S202: DISC II OPEN/CLOSE S203: ◀ MANUAL SEARCH S204: ➡ MANUAL SEARCH S205: ➡ TRACK SEARCH S206: ➡ TRACK SEARCH S206: ➡ TRACK SEARCH S207: ➡ PLAY S208: ➡ PAUSE S209: TIME S211: AUTO EJECT S211: PROGRAM S234: RANDOM PLAY S214: DISC I SISC I SI 0 CPU INTER FACE 21 24 C14 0.01 R133 3.3M C4 T30p IC6(PD'4184) terminal voltages. S222 : 4 S223 : 5 S224 : 5 S225 : 7 1 -19.6 21 5 41 -26 61 -1.0 2 -13.5-16.4 22 5 42 -26 62 -4.2 3 -13.5-16.6 23 5 43 -26 63 -9.2~-12.6 019 DTC124ES TRACKING ERROR MUTE -33-0-42.6 24 0 44 -26 64 5 -3 25 5 45 -26 64 5 5 25 5 45 -26 5 27 5 47 -26 0.2-3.7 28 5 48 -26 S226: 8 RH4 R15 O S227: 9 SW board assembly S601 : U S602 : S Q1 2SA1399 LD AMP S234: RANDOM PLAY S214: DISC I SELECT S215: DISC II SELECT S216: ■ STOP S217: ≥20 S218: +10 R43 47k ₩ 22 k R143 10k S603 : L Transformer board assembly
S301: POWER ON-OF
Outside of P. C. board assembly R31 22k 8 S219: \$101 : INSIDE FR32 C21 1M 0.033 T R33 R74 OB OCA7 TER CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY PWZ1571 FOCUS GAIN G6 IC17(1/2) Q8,Q9 EDIŤ C41 +10VIC1 +5V 335/16 + R65 C143 30k D C143 100 3 22k BND PGM BEPEAT TIME BEMAIN AUTO PGM INDEX DISCP TRACK SEC MIN dB INPUT SHIFT REGISTER ADDRESS DECODER AUTO EJECT R63 ≸ 12 L TTL C87  $\mathbf{2}^{i}$ **6**i 3 4 フ 8 9 10 11 12 5 13 14 15 ± C26 +33/16 TRY2 > **3**m TG1,2 TM1-7 **2**j 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 OVIC) 39 RST
(DBO) 40 DBO
(DBO) 40 DBO
(DBO) 41 DBO
(DBO) 41 DBO
(DBO) 42 DBO
(DBO) 45 DBO
(DBO) # C52 + 33/16 T C161 C32 T AC2> 0 R41 ≸ R42 ≸ 4.7 ≸ 4.7 57 -51
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-53 -53 -53 0.033 +5v D ₹R183 100k S215 S219 -0 0 \$223 \$227 -0 0 (5) 52 ft S216 S220 5224 5208 S212 D17 R117 240k Q7 Q6 Q5 2SA933S DTA124ES 2SC1740S \$201-\$229: PSG1003 PEL1026 C91 0.01 017-D20 1\$\$254 <sup>1</sup> 4 15 5 6 2 3



## 7. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

• View from component side



21

5

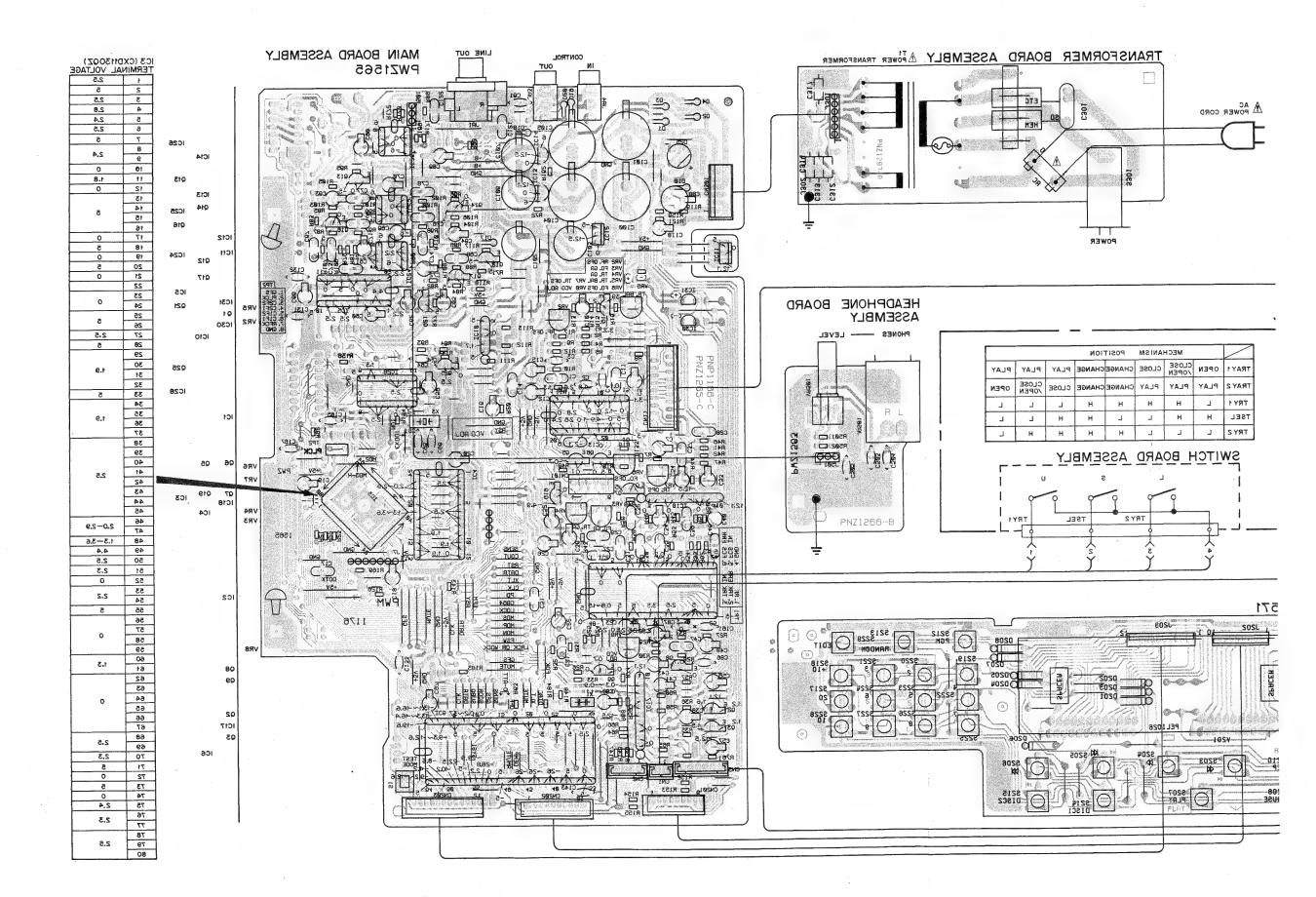
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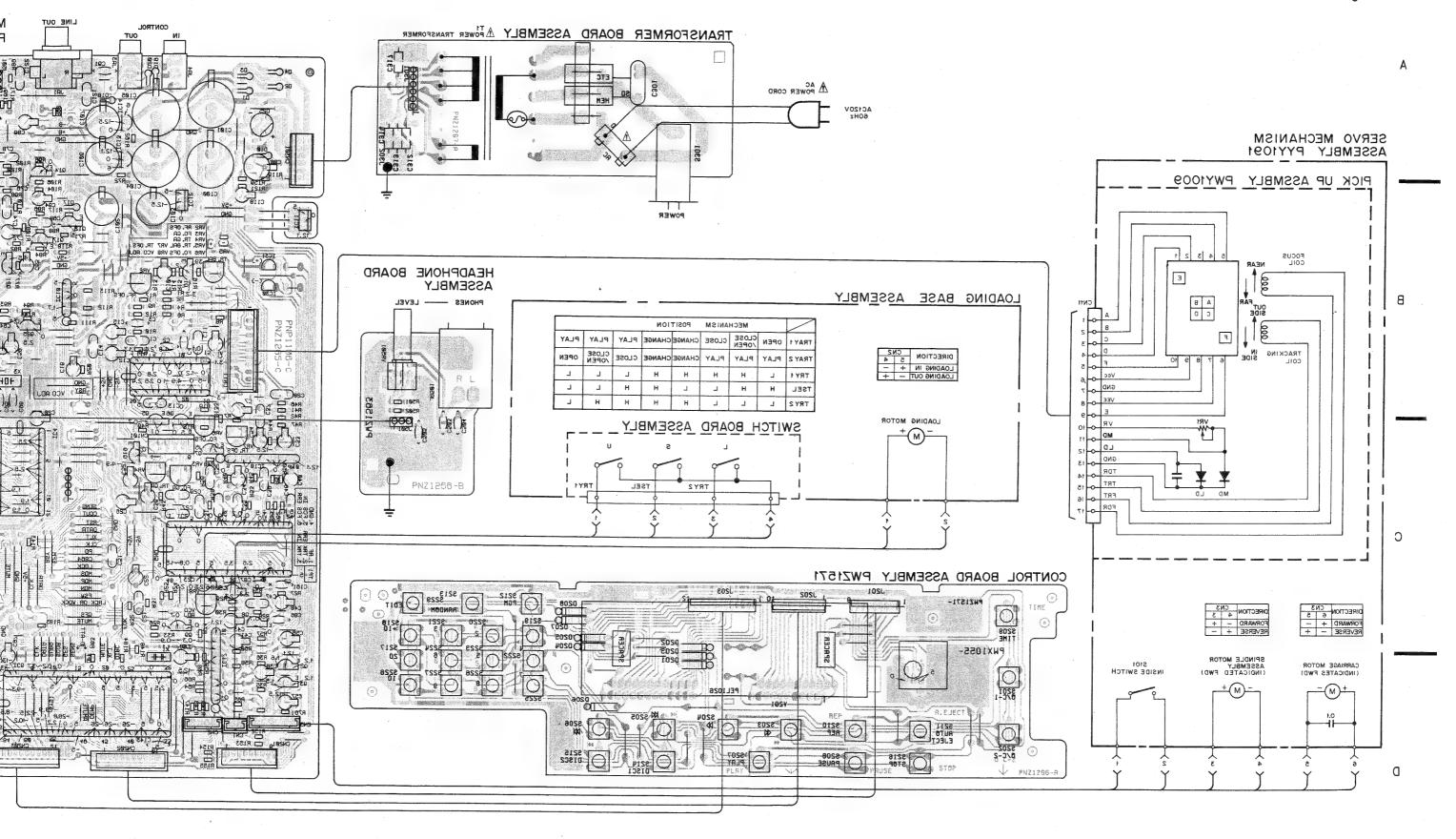
77 78 79 2.3

9



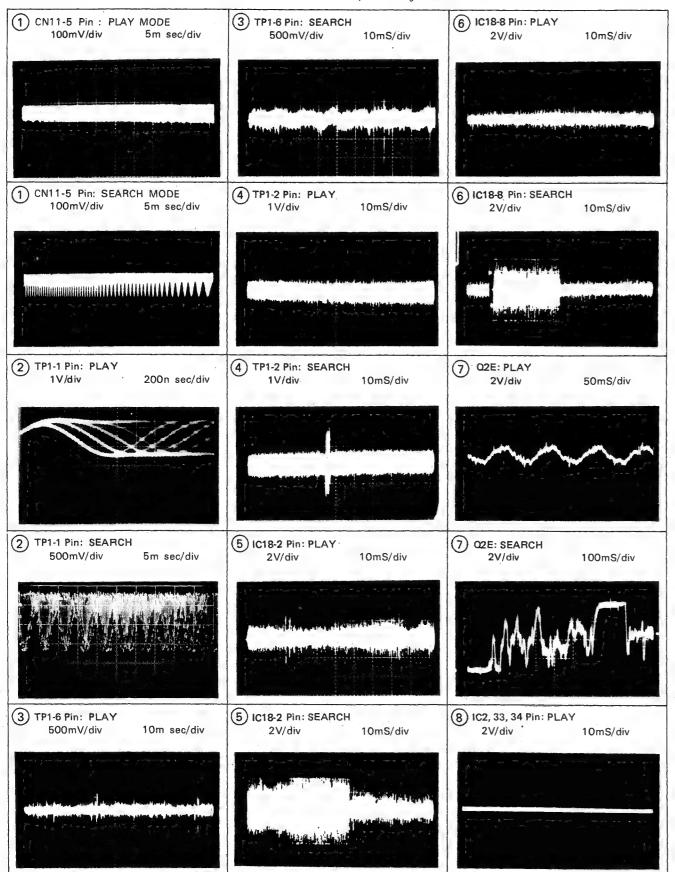
## 7. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

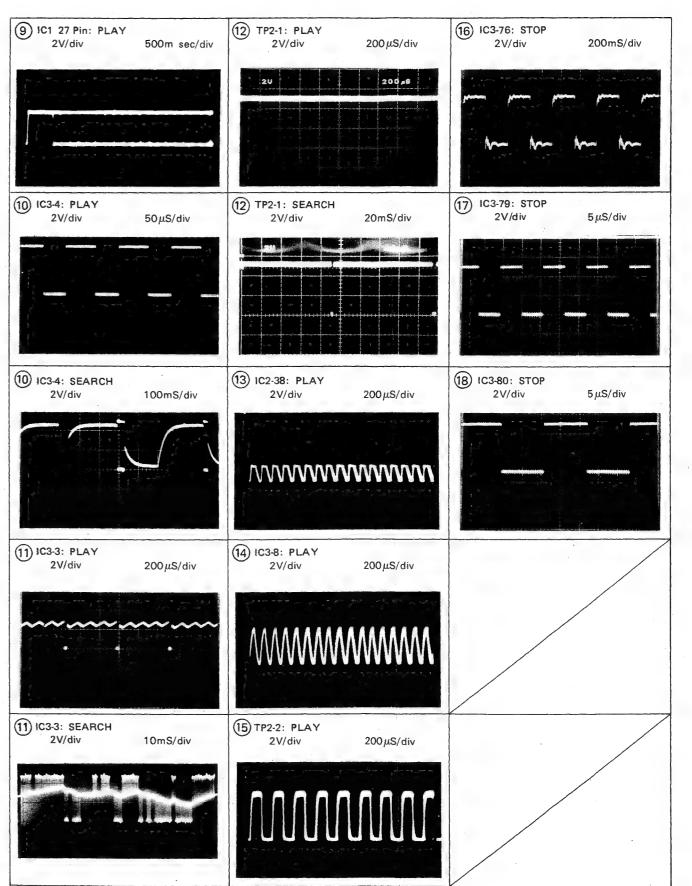
View from soldering side



## **WAVEFORMS**

NOTE: The encircled numbers denote measuring points in the circuit and pattern diagrams.





(19) IC:

21) OU<sup>-</sup>

22 IC10

22 IC10

in the circuit and

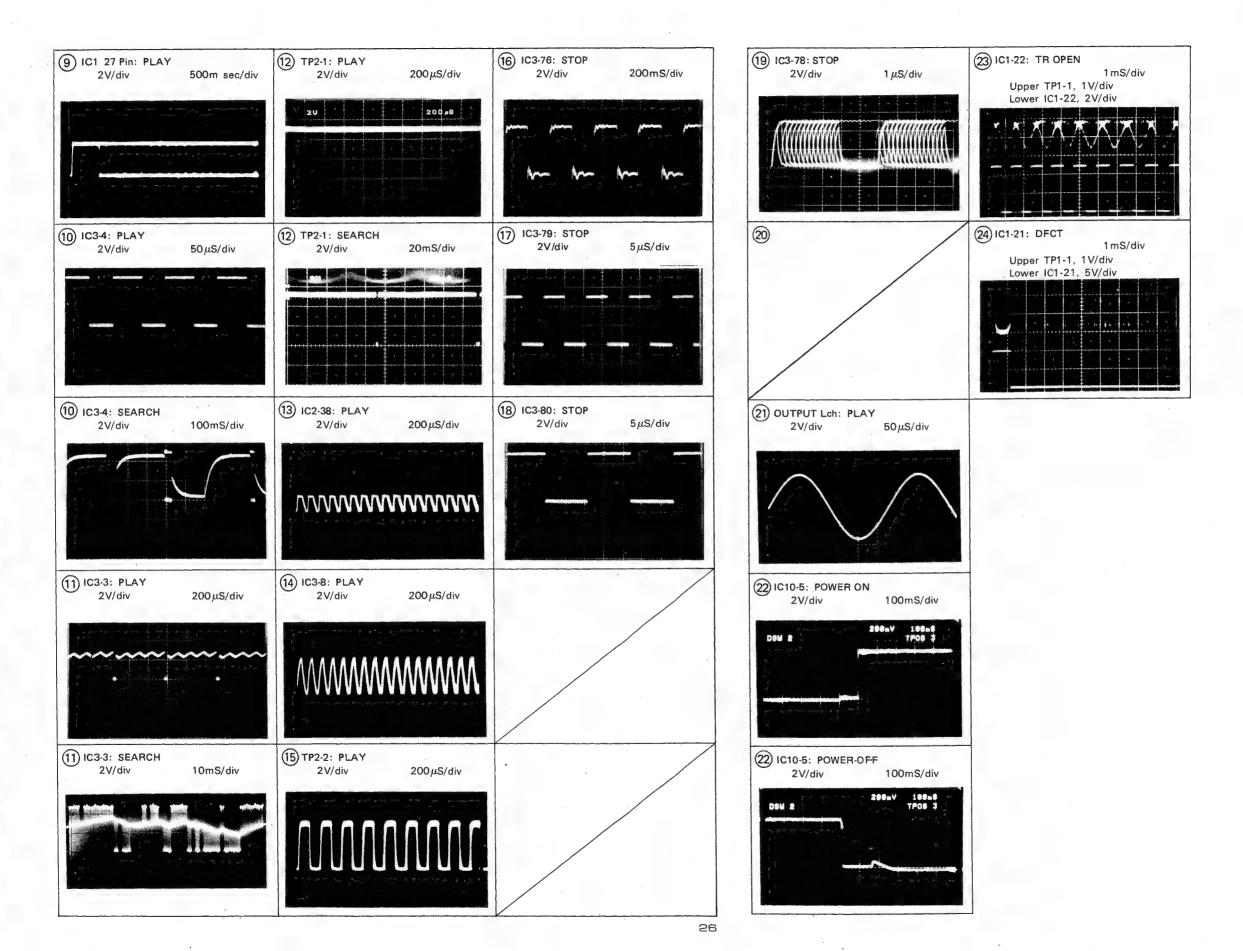
10mS/div

10mS/div

50mS/div

00mS/div

0mS/div



25

## **ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST**

### NOTES:

- · Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- Parts marked by "O" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.
- The A mark found on some component parts indicates the impotance of the safety factor of the part, Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.
- Ex.1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J=5%, and K=10%).

	560 Ω	56×101	561 ·····RD1/4PS 5 6 1 J
	47k Ω	$47 \times 10^{3}$	473RD1/4PS 4 7 3 J
	$0.5 \Omega$	0R5	RN2H OR 5 K
	1Ω	010	RS1P O TO K
0	Whon		offective digits (such as in high president metal film president)

Ex.2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).

## Miscellaneous Parts

### P. C. BOARD ASSEMBLIES

	•				•
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
<b>⚠⊙</b>	Main board assembly Control board assembly	PWZ1565 PWZ1571		Q6 Q12, Q19	DTA124ES DTC124ES
$\triangle$	Transformer board assembly			Q1, Q3	2SA1399
	Switch board assembly			07	2SA933S
	Headphone board assembly			Q5, Q8, Q9, Q16, Q17, Q21	2SC1740S
OTHE	ERS	•		02	2SC3581
				Q13, Q14	2SD1302
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.		025	2SC3732
^				D1 - D4, D10	1SR139-400
<b>A</b>	Strain relief	CM-22C		D17-D20	1SS254
<b>A</b>	AC Power cord Power transformer	PDG1015	,	DOE	011/00 5000 1
$\triangle$	Semiconductive ceramic capacito	PTT1091	$\triangle$	D25	2W02-5008-L
	S101 Slide switch (INSIDE)		SWIT	CH	
	Spindle motor assembly (with o		Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Motor (CARRIAGE, LOADING)				
	Pick-up assembly Motor assembly (CARRIAGE)	PWY1009 PYY1025		S1 Tact switch (TEST)	PSG1002
	Motor assembly (LOADING)	PYY1089	CAPA	ACITORS	
$\triangle \odot$	Main Board Assembly	(PWZ1565)	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
SEMI	CONDUCTORS			C64	000011100050
OLIVII	ioonboorono			C95, C96	CCCCH100D50 CCCCH270J50
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.		C2, C4	CCCCH270350 CCCCH300J50
222427				C3	CCCCH390J50
	IC1	CXA1081S		C87	CCCSL101J50
	IC2	CXA1082BS			·
	IC3	CXD1130QZ		C161	CCCSL221J50
$\triangle$	IC30, IC31	ICP-N10		C40	CEANP4R7M25
	IC5	LC7881-B		C16, C22	CEASR47M50

(1 1121303)	MINIM	Symbol & Description	Part No.
		C64	CCCCH100D50
		C95, C96	CCCCH270J50
Part No.		C2, C4	CCCCH300J50
		C3	CCCCH390J50
CXA1081S		C87	CCCSL101J50
CXA1082BS		001	00002101000
CXD1130QZ		C161	CCCSL221J50
ICP-N10		C40	
		- ; -	CEANP4R7M25
LC7881-B		C16, C22	CEASR47M50
		C5, C10, C43, C62	CEAS101M10
LH5116-15		C88	CEAS101M35
M51955AL			
M5218P		C102, C103	CEAS102M10
NJM78L06A		C104, C105	CEAS102M16
NJM7805FA		C71, C72, C93, C94	CEAS220M50
1101117000171		C118	CEAS220M35
NJM79L06A			
		C100, C101	CEAS222M16
NJM7905FA			
PD4184			
SM5807FP			
TA8410K (V15)			

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C48 C7, C12, C15, C18, C20, C23, C26, C36, C38, C41, C50, C52— C54, C56, C57, C59, C60, C65, C66, C69, C70, C89, C90, C97, C98	CEAS3R3M50 CEAS330M16
	C34 C19, C106, C107 C86, C91, C143, C167	CEAS4R7M50 CEAS471M10 CKCYF103Z50
	C131 - C133 C75, C76 C30, C51 C14, C17, C46, C61 C31, C32, C35, C39	CKCYF473Z50 CQMA102J50 CQMA102K50 CQMA103K50 CQMA104K50
	C77, C78 C29 C13 C11, C21, C28, C37 C1, C27, C47, C73, C74	CQMA152J50 CQMA272J50 CQMA332J50 CQMA333K50 CQMA472J50
	C67, C68 C121, C122	CQMA683J50 CQSA102J50
RESIS	STORS	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R30 VR2 Semi-fixed resistors (10k) VR3-VR7 Semi-fixed resistors (22k)	
	VR8 Semi-fixed resistors (1k) Other resistors	VRTS6VS102 RD 1/6 PM □□□□ J
OTHE	RS	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	JA1 Terminal 2P (LIN OUT L/R)	PKB1009
	JA3, JA4 Mini jack	RKN1004
	(CONTROL IN/OUT) X3 Crystal resonator X1 Ceramic resonator	PSS-012 VSS1014
⊙ Co	ntrol Board Assembly	(PWZ1571)
SEMI	CONDUCTORS	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	D201-D208	188254
SWIT	CHES	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	S201-S229 Tact switch (OPEN/CLOSE DISC:, OPEN/ CLOSE DISC!!, ←, →, ⊢, →, ⊢, ■, TIME, REPEAT, AUTO EJECT, PGM, RANDOM PLAY, DISC!, DISC!!, ■, ≥20, +10, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, EDI	PSG1003

OTHERS					
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.			
	V201 Fluorescent indicator tube Remote sensor unit	PEL1026 GP1U50X			
<b>⚠ Tra</b>	ansformer Board Assen	nbly			
SWIT	СН				
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.			
⚠	S301 Push switch (POWER)	PSA-009			
CAPACITORS					
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.			
Δ	C312-C314, C317 C301 (0.01 µ F/AC400V)	CKPYX103N25 RCG-009			

PSH1008

Part No.

## Switch Board Assembly

Mark Symbol & Description

## **SWITCHES**

S601-S	603 Push (U, S	switch S, L)
Headphone	Board	Assembl
CAPACITORS	;	

Mark	Symbol 8	&	Description	Part No.
	C503, C504 C505			CKCYF102Z50 CKCYF103Z50

## RESISTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	VR501 Variable resistor (LEVEL)	PCS1003
	R501, R502	RD 1/6 PM470J
OTHE	R	

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	JA501 Jack (PHONES)	RKN1001

9. A[

The adjustm must be n OPEN/CLC during test 1

## Adjustn

- 1. Tracki 2. RF lev
- 3. LD (L: 4. Focus
- 5. Grating 6. Trackii
- 7. Tanger
- 8. Focus;
- 9. Trackii
- 10. VCO f 11. Confin
- Measuri

## 1. Dual tr

- 2. Laser p 3. Test di
- 4. Loop g
- 5. Signal
- 6. Freque 7. Other §

Adjustment

28

IC5 IC4

IC10

IC13

IC11

IC14

IC12 IC6

IC28 IC17, IC18

IC24, IC25, IC26

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	OTHERS	
	C48 C7, C12, C15, C18, C20, C23,	CEAS3R3M50	Mark Symbol & Description Part No.	
	C26, C36, C38, C41, C50, C52, C54, C56, C57, C59, C60, C65, C66, C69, C70, C89, C90, C97,		V201 Fluorescent indicator tube PEL1026 Remote sensor unit GP1U50X	
	C98			
	C34 C19, C106, C107 C86, C91, C143, C167	CEAS4R7M50 CEAS471M10 CKCYF103Z50	SWITCH	
	C131-C133	CKCYF473Z50	Mark Symbol & Description Part No.	<u></u>
	C75, C76 C30, C51	CQMA102J50 CQMA102K50	⚠ S301 Push switch (POWER) PSA-009	
	C14, C17, C46, C61	CQMA103K50	CAPACITORS	
	C31, C32, C35, C39	CQMA104K50	Mark Symbol & Description Part No.	,
	C77, C78 C29 C13	CQMA152J50 CQMA272J50 CQMA332J50	C312-C314, C317 CKPYX103N2 A C301 (0.01 µ F/AC400V) RCG-009	5
	C11, C21, C28, C37 C1, C27, C47, C73, C74	CQMA333K50 CQMA472J50	Switch Board Assembly	
	C67, C68 C121, C122	CQMA683J50 CQSA102J50	SWITCHES	
RESIS	STORS		Mark Symbol & Description Part No.	
	Symbol & Description	Part No.	S601 – S603 Push switch PSH1008 (U, S, L)	
	R30	RN 1/6 PQ3601F	Headphone Board Assembly	
	VR2 Semi-fixed resistors (10k) VR3-VR7 Semi-fixed resistors (22k)		CAPACITORS	
	VR8 Semi-fixed resistors (1k) Other resistors	VRTS6VS102 RD ½ PM □□□□J	Mark Symbol & Description Part No.	
OTHE			C503, C504 CKCYF102Z50 C505 CKCYF103Z50	
	Symbol & Description	Part No	RESISTORS	,
MIGH				
	JA1 Terminal 2P (LIN OUT L/R)	PKB1009	Mark Symbol & Description Part No.	
	JA3, JA4 Mini jack (CONTROL IN/OUT)	RKN1004	VR501 Variable resistor PCS1003 (LEVEL)	
	X3 Crystal resonator X1 Ceramic resonator	PSS-012 VSS1014	R501, R502 RD 1/6 PM470J	
<b>⊙</b> Cc	ontrol Board Assembly	(PWZ1571)	OTHER	
SEMI	CONDUCTORS		Mark Symbol & Description Part No.	
Mark		Part No	JA501 Jack (PHONES) RKN1001	
	D201 - D208	1SS254		
CIAIT	CHES	100204		
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.		

## 9. ADJUSTMENTS

The adjustment items for this unit are shown below. Adjustments must be made in the order in which they are listed. As OPEN/CLOSE operation for disc tray 2 cannot be performed during test mode, use tray 1 for adjustments.

#### · Adjustment and check items

- 1. Tracking offset, focus offset and RF offset adjustments
- 2. RF level adjustment
- 3. LD (Laser Diode) power check
- 4. Focus lock and spindle lock check
- 5. Grating adjustment
- 6. Tracking adjustment
- 7. Tangential adjustment
- 8. Focus gain adjustment
- 9. Tracking gain adjustment
- 10. VCO free-run frequency adjustment
- 11. Confirmation of S character (focus error)

## Measuring Equipment

- 1. Dual trace oscilloscope
- 2. Laser power meter
- 3. Test disc (YEDS-7)
- 4. Loop gain adjustment filter
- 5. Signal generator
- 6. Frequency counter
- 7. Other general tools

## Adjustment points

#### • Test Mode

## Test mode setting and cancellation procedures

- (1) To set the test mode, turn ON the power switch (S301) while holding the test mode switch (S1) down.
- (2) The test mode is cancelled by turning the power switch OFF.

The functions of the keys in the test mode are outlined in Table 9-1.

## • Adjustment VRs (Variable Resistors) and Names

VR1: Laser power

VR2: RF offset (RF. OFS)

VR3: Focus gain (FCS. GAN)

VR4: Tracking gain (TRK. GAN)

VR5: Tracking balance (TRK. BAL)

VR6: Focus offset (FCS.OFS)

VR7: Tracking offset (TRK. OFS)

VR8: VCO free-run adjustment (VCO. ADJ)

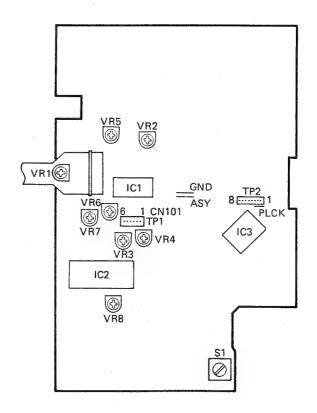


Fig. 9-1.

S201-S229 Tact switch

(OPEN/CLOSE DISC:, OPEN/

CLOSE DISC II, ◀, ➡, ◄, ➡, ►, III, TIME, REPEAT, AUTO EJECT, PGM, RANDOM PLAY, DISC I, DISC II, III, ≥20, +10, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, EDIT)

PSG1003

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ore, when

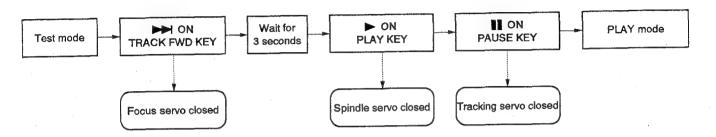
hown by

)50 )50 )50 )50 )50

In the test mode, the servos are closed and opened individually. Consequently, the servos must each be closed one at a time (in serial sequence) in order to set the unit to normal PLAY mode. Note also that during test mode the unit will not enter the PLAY mode when the PAUSE ( ) key is pressed alone.

**Example:** Switching from STOP to PLAY mode.

\* In the test mode, the servos must be operated in serial sequence.



Key Functions in the Test Mode

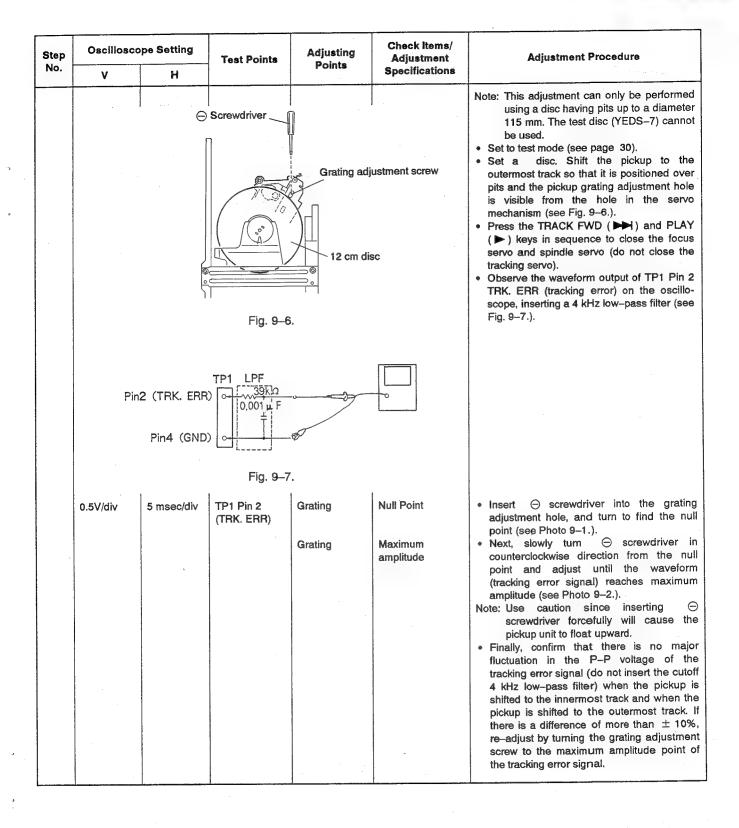
Symbol	Key name	Function during test mode	Description
<b>₩</b>	TRACK FWD	Focus servo close	Turns ON the laser diode, and raises/lowers the focusing actuator to close the focus servo.  After closing disc tray 1, the tray is moved to PLAY position.
<b>&gt;</b>	PLAY	Spindle servo close	Closes the servo in the CLV-A mode after starting the spindle motor.
11	PAUSE	Tracking servo close/open	Performs toggle operation:closes the tracking servo and sets to PLAY mode when pressed (provided the focus and spindle servos are closed), at which time the PAUSE indicator illuminates; opens the tracking servo when pressed again.
*	MANUAL SEARCH REV	Carriage reversal (inward movement)	Moves carriage rapidly (3 cm/s) toward the center. Because there is no safety mechanism for stopping the carriage, release the key when the carriage reaches the innermost track.
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	MANUAL SEARCH FWD	Carriage advance (outward movement)	Moves carriage rapidly (3 cm/s) toward the outer edge. Because there is no safety mechanism for stopping the carriage, release the key when the carriage reaches the outermost track.
2.2	STOP	Stop	Stops all servos and returns system to its initial state.
<b>A</b>	OPEN/CLOSE Disc I	(Disc tray) open/close	Opens and closes the disc tray. However, pickup does not return to rest when opening, and remains stationary when closing the tray.

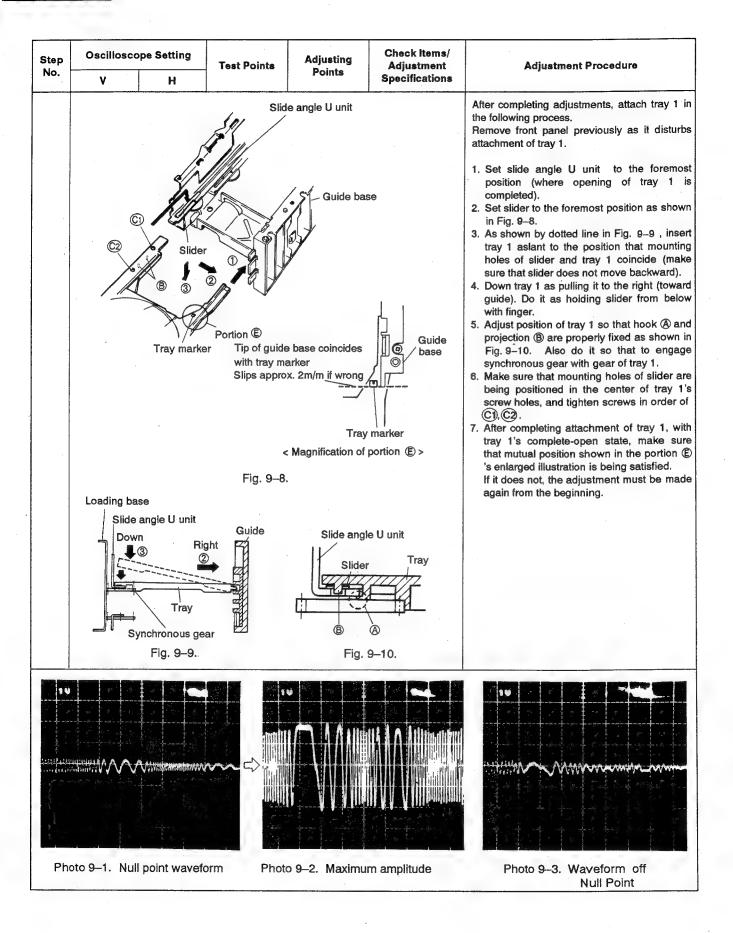
Table 9-1.

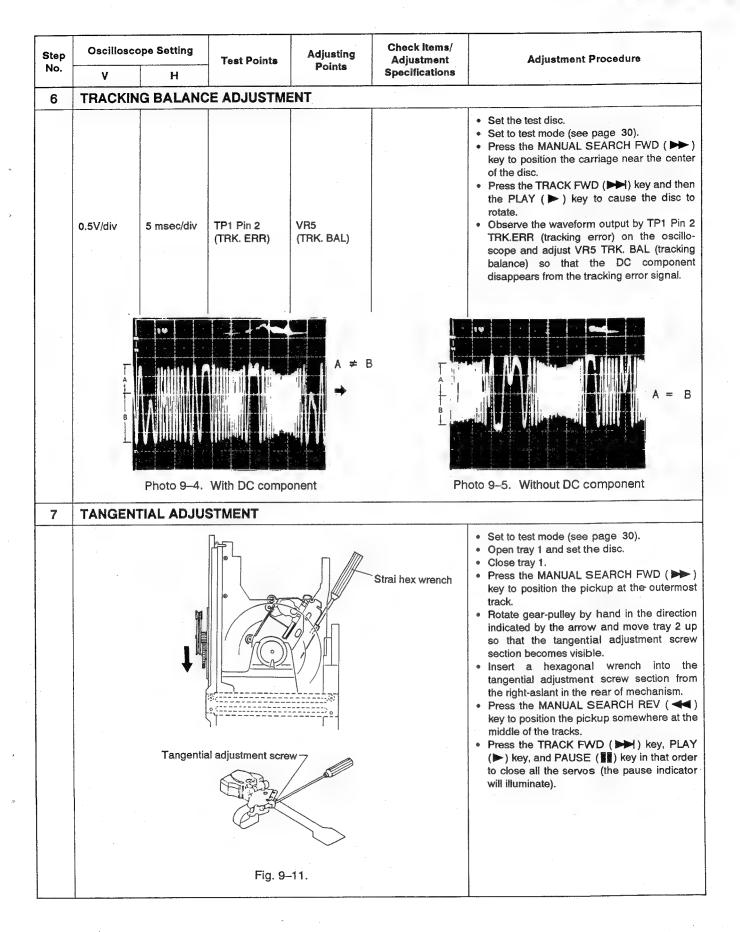
Step	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting	Check Items/ Adjustment	Adjustment Procedure
No.	٧	Н		Points	Specifications	
1	TRACKING	GOFFSET	, FOCUS OFF	SET, RF OFF	SET ADJUSTME	ENT
			TP1 Pin 2 (TRK. ERR) TP1 Pin 6 (FCS. ERR) TP1 Pin 1 (RF output)	VR5 (TRK. BAL) VR7 (TRK. OFS) VR6 (FCS. OFS) VR2 (RF. OFS)	Tracking offset 45°  0V ± 50 mV  Focus offset 0V ± 50 mV  RF offset 100 mV ± 50 mV	Set to test mode (see page 30). Turn VR5 TRK. BAL (tracking balance) counterclockwise about 45° from center position. Adjust VR7 TRK.OFS (tracking offset) so that the TRK. ERR (tracking error) voltage at TP1 Pin 2 becomes 0V ± 50 mV. Adjust VR6 FCS.OFS (focus offset) so that the FCS.ERR (focus error) voltage at TP1 Pin 5 becomes 0V ± 50 mV. Adjust VR2 RF.OFS (RF offset) so that the RF output voltage at TP1 Pin 1 becomes 100 mV ± 50 mV.
·						Note: After performing tracking offset adjustment, be sure to perform "6. TRACKING BALANCE ADJUSTMENT."
2	RF LEVEL	ADJUSTN	MENT			
			TP1 Pin 1 (RF output)	VR1 (laser power)	1.5V +0.2V -0V.	Set to test mode (see page 30). Play the test disc, connect the oscilloscope to TP1 Pin 1 (RF output), and measure the P-P voltage of the RF waveform. Adjust so that the voltage becomes 1.5V +0.2V -0V.
3	LD (LASE	R DIODE) I	POWER CHE	CK		
					Less than 0.13 mW	Set to test mode (see page 30).     Press the TRACK FWD (►►) key to turn ON the LD (laser diode).     Place the sensor of the laser power meter directly above the objective lens and confirm that the output power of the LD does not exceed 0.13 mW.

Step	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting	Check Items/	Adjustment Procedure
No.	٧	н		Points	Specifications	
4	FOCUS L	OCK AND	SPINDLE LO	CK CHECK		
	V 0.5V/div	H 100 msec /div	TP1 Pin 1 (RF output)		RF output exists  Normal (clockwise) rotation	<ul> <li>Set test disc.</li> <li>Set to test mode (see page 30).</li> <li>Press the MANUAL SEARCH FWD (►►) key to move the pickup close to the center of the disc.</li> <li>Observe the output of TP1 Pin 1 (RF output) on the oscilloscope. Confirm that the RF signal is output after pressing the TRACK FWD (►►) key.</li> <li>Press the PLAY (►) key and confirm that the disc rotates at constant speed (approx. 30 rpm near center of disc) in the normal (clockwise) direction; make sure that the disc does not rotate too fast or counterclockwise.</li> </ul>
5	GRATING	G ADJUSTA	//ENT (1) (usi	ng an 8 cm d	isc)	
			Fig. 9-2	Note: This adjustment can only be performed using a 8 cm disc having pits over a diameter of 75 mm.  Set to test mode (see page 30).  Set the 8 cm disc. Shift the pickup to the outermost track so that it is positioned over pits and the pickup grating adjustment hole is visible from the hole in the servo mechanism (see Fig. 9–2.).  Press the TRACK FWD (►) and PLAY (►) keys in sequence to close the focus servo and spindle servo (do not close the tracking servo).  Observe the waveform output of TP1 Pin 2 TRK.ERR (tracking error) on the oscilloscope, inserting a 4 kHz low-pass filter (see Fig. 9–3.).		
	Pir	n'2 (TRK. ERF Pin4 (GND	0,001 µ.f	0		
			Fig. 9-	3.		

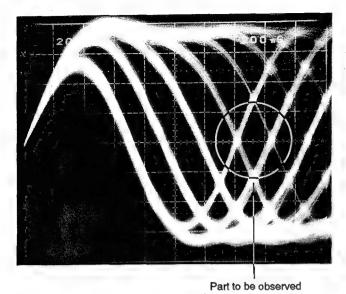
Step	Oscillosco	pe Setting	Test Points	Adjusting	Check Items/ Adjustment	Adjustment Procedure
No.	V	н	. Test Points	Points	Specifications	Adjustillent Procedure
	0.5V/div	5 msec/div	TP1 Pin 2 (TRK. ERR)	Grating	Null Point	<ul> <li>Insert</li></ul>
				Grating	Maximum amplitude	<ul> <li>Next, slowly turn</li></ul>
5	GRATING	ADJUST	MENT (2) (wit	hout 8 cm dis	sc)	
		©) Slide Slide	Fig. 9-	**************************************	ray 1	Perform this adjustment when an 8 cm disc is not available and Grating adjustment (1) cannot be performed. Remove the tray 1 before performing this adjustment.  • Removal of tray 1  1. Set tray 1 to OPEN position.  2. Remove screws ① , ② holding tray 1 in Fig. 9–4.  3. Move tray 1 in the direction of arrow in Fig. 9–5, and as detaching projection ® of tray 1, free slide angle U unit from hook @ of tray 1.  4. Pull out tray 1 as raising its side of slide angle U unit slightly.







Step	scilloscope Setting	ting Test Points Adjusting Points		Check Items/ Adjustment Adjustment Procedure		
No.	v н		Points	Specifications		
	200 ns/div	TP1 Pin 1 (RF output)	Tangential adjustment screw	Sharpest possible eye pattern	Observe the waveform output by TP1 Pin 1 (RF output) on the oscilloscope and adjust the tangential adjustment screw to achieve the sharpest possible eye pattern. The correct adjustment point is halfway between the two points where the eye pattern becomes blurred when rotating the tangential adjustment screw clockwise and then counterclockwise. When the whole waveform becomes clear, concentrate on sharpening the fine lines forming the diamond shape at the center of the eye pattern (see Photo 9–6.). Adjust until the diamond shape consists of single thin lines.	
				(   F	Pin 1 10k Ω Pin 1 Pin 10k Ω Pin 2 Pin 1 Pin 10k Ω Pin 4 Pin 10k Ω Pin 4 Pin 10k Ω Pin 1 Pin 10k Ω Pin 1	



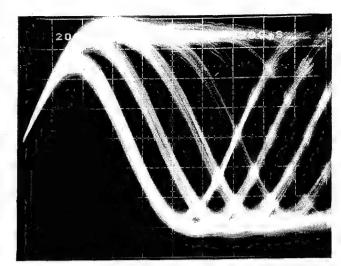


Photo 9-7.





Photo 9-6.

Optimum

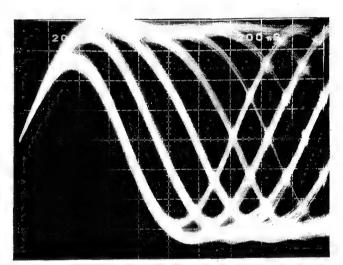


Photo 9-8.

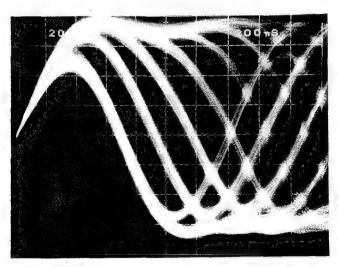


Photo 9-9.

Step	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points Adjusting		Check Items/ Adjustment	Adjustment Procedure	
No.	V	н	Test ronits	Points	Specifications	Adjustment Procedure	
8	FOCUS G	AIN ADJU	STMENT				
	CH1 (X), CH2 (Y) 20 mV/div, 5 mV/div (probe: 10:1)		X-axis TP1 Pin 5 (FCS. IN) Y-axis TP1 Pin 6 (FCS. ERR)	VR3 (FCS. GAN)	Phase difference of 90°  Pin 5 (FCS. II Pin 4 (GNE Pin 6 (FCS. ERI	1.2kHz (V) 1Vp-p	
	•	n gain 99–10.		Optimur Photo		Low gain Photo 9–12.	

Step	No		Test Points	Adjusting	Check Items/ Adjustment	Adjustment Procedure	
No.	V	Н		Points	Specifications		
9	TRACKI	IG GAIN A	JUSTMENT		T		
	50 mV/div, 5 mV/div (probe: 10:1)		X-axis TP1 Pin 3 (TRK. IN) Y-axis TP1 Pin 2 (TRK. OUT)	VR4 (TRK. GAN)	Phase difference of 90°  Pin 3 (TRK. IN Pin 4 (GND) Pin 2 (TRK. ERF 39k)	1.2kHz () 2Vp-p (10:1)	
		gh gain to 9–13.		Optimui Photo	•	Low gain Photo 9–15.	

Step	Oscilloscope Setting		Test Points	Adjusting	Check Items/ Adjustment	Adjustment Procedure
No.	V	Н		Points	Specifications	
10	VCO FRE	E-RUN FR	EQUENCY A	DJUSTMENT		
			TP2 Pin 2 (PLCK)	VR8 (VCO. ADJ)	4.275 ± 0.025 MHz	<ul> <li>Set to test mode (see page 30).</li> <li>Short-circuit the ASY and GND jumpers with ⊝ screwdriver or similar tool (see Fig. 9-1.).</li> <li>Connect a frequency counter capable of measuring frequencies of 10 MHz and above to the PLCK jumper.</li> <li>Adjust VR8 VCO. ADJ (VCO free-run adjustment) so that the frequency counter reading becomes 4.275 ± 0.025 MHz.</li> </ul>
11	CONFIRM	MATION OF	S CHARACT	ER (FOCUS E	ERROR)	
			TP1 Pin 6 (FCS. ERR)			Set to test mode (see page 30).     Short-circuit TP1 Pin 5 FCS. IN (focus in) and Pin 4 GND.     Observe the waveform output by TP1 Pin 5 FCS. ERR (focus error) when pressing the TRACK FWD (▶►) key.

## 9. RÉGLAGES

Les éléments à régler pour cette unité sont indiqués ci-dessous. Les réglages doivent être effectués dans l'ordre où ils sont indiqués. L'opération d'ouverture/fermeture (OPEN/CLOSE) pour le plateau de disc 2 ne pouvant pas être effectuée pendant le mode d'essai, utiliser le plateau 1 pour les réglages.

### • Eléments à régler et à contrôler

- 1. Réglage du décalage de suivi de piste, du décalage de focalisation et du décalage RF
- 2. Réglage du niveau RF
- 3. Contrôle de la puissance de la diode laser (LD)
- 4. Contrôle du verrouillage de focalisation et du verrouillage de moyeu
- 5. Réglage du réseau
- 6. Réglage de l'équilibrage du suivi de piste
- 7. Réglage tangentiel
- 8. Réglage du gain de focalisation
- 9. Réglage du gain de suivi de piste
- 10. Réglage de la fréquence continuelle du VCO
- 11. Vérification de la caractéristique S (erreur de focalisation)

#### • Matériei de mesure

- 1. Oscilloscope double trace
- 2. Appareil de mesure pour puissance laser
- 3. Disc d'essai (YEDS-7)
- 4. Filtre de réglage pour gain de boucle
- 5. Générateur de signal
- 6. Fréquencemètre
- 7. Outillage général divers

Points de réglage

#### • Mode d'essai

## Méthodes de réglage et d'annulation du mode d'essal

- (1) Pour régler le mode d'essai, activer (ON) le contacteur d'alimentation (S301) tout en maintenant enfoncé le contacteur de mode d'essai (S1).
- (2) Le mode d'essai est annulé en désactivant (OFF) le contacteur d'alimentation.

Les fonctions des touches dans le mode d'essai sont indiquées dans le tableau 9-1.

## • Résistances variables (VR) de réglage et leurs noms

VR1: Puissance laser

VR2: Décalage RF (RF. OFS)

VR3: Gain de focalisation (FCS. GAN)

VR4: Gain de suivi de piste (TRK. GAN)

VR5: Equilibrage de suivi de piste (TRK. BAL)

VR6: Décalage de focalisation (FCS. OFS)

VR7: Décalage de suivi de piste (TRK. OFS)

VR8: Réglage du VCO (VCO. ADJ)

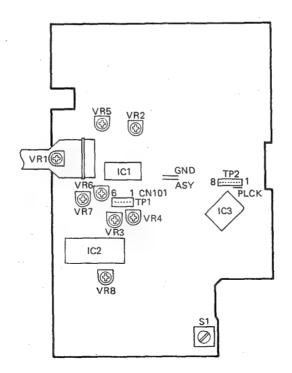


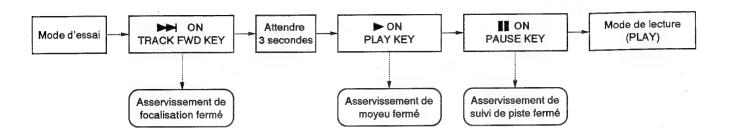
Fig. 9-1.

# PD-T503

Dans le mode d'essai, les circuits d'asservissement sont fermés et ouverts individuellement. Par conséquent, les circuits d'asservissement doivent être fermés l'un après l'autre (séquentiellement) afin de régler l'unité dans le mode de lecture (PLAY) normal. Noter également que pendant le mode d'essai, l'unité ne passe pas dans le mode de lecture (PLAY) lorsque seule la touche de PAUSE ( 11) est enfoncée.

**Exemple:** Commutation du mode d'arrêt (STOP) au mode de lecture (PLAY).

\* Dans le mode d'essai, les circuits d'asservissement doivent être fermés séquentiellement.



#### • Fonctions des touches dans le mode d'essai

Symbole	Désignation de touche	Fonction pendant le mode d'essai	Pait s'allumer la diode laser et soulève/abaisse l'actionneur de focalisation pour fermer l'asservissement de focalisation.  Après la fermeture du plateau de disc 1, le plateau est amené sur la position de lecture (PLAY).		
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	TRACK FWD	Asservissement de focalisation fermé			
	PLAY	Asservissement de moyeu fermé	Ferme l'asservissement dans le mode CLV-A après le démarrage du moteur de moyeu.		
н	PAUSE Asservissement de suivi de piste fermé/ouvert		Réalise l'opération de bascule: ferme l'asservissement de suivi de piste et règle sur le mode de lecture (PLAY) lorsque la touche est enfoncée (si les asservissements de focalisation et de moyeu sont fermés) et le voyant de PAUSE s'allume; ouvre l'asservissement de suivi de piste lorsqu'elle est de nouveau enfoncée.		
*	MANUAL SEARCH REV	Retour du chariot (mouvement vers l'intérieur)	Déplace le chariot rapidement (3 cm/s.) vers le centre du disc. Comme il n'y a pas de mécanisme de sécurité pour arrêter le chariot, relâcher la touche lorsque le chariot atteint la piste la plus intérieure.		
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	MANUAL SEARCH FWD	Avance du chariot (mouvement vers l'extérieur)	Déplace le chariot rapidement (3 cm/s.) vers le bord extérieur du disc. Comme il n'y a pas de mécanisme de sécurité pour arrêter le chariot, relâcher la touche lorsque le chariot atteint la piste la plus extérieure.		
	STOP	Arrêt	Arrête tous les asservissements et ramène le système à son état initial.		
<b>A</b>	△ OPEN/CLOSE Ouverture/fermeture (plateau de disc)		Ouvre et ferme le plateau de disc. Le capteur ne revient cependant pas à sa position de repos lors de l'ouverture et il reste stationnaire lors de la fermeture du plateau.		

Tableau 9-1.

Etape No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de	Points de contrôle spécifications de				
	٧	Н	i Ollits a essai	réglage	réglage	Méthode de réglage			
1.	1. REGLAGE DU DECALAGE DE SUIVI DE PISTE, DU DECALAGE DE FOCALISATION ET DU DECALAGE RF								
			TP1 Broche 2	VR5 (TRK. BAL) VR7	Décalage de suivi de piste 45 °	<ul> <li>Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).</li> <li>Tourner VR5 TRK. BAL (équilibrage de suivi de piste), dans le sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre, d'environ 45° depuis la position centrale.</li> <li>Régler VR7 TRK. OFS (décalage de suiviser la position de la companya de la</li></ul>			
			(TRK. ERR)  TP1 Broche 6 (FCS. ERR)	VR6 (FCS. OFS)	Décalage de focalisation OV ± 50 mV	de piste) de sorte que la tension à la brocl 2 de TP1 TRK. ERR (erreur de suivi de piste) devienne 0V ± 50 mV. • Régler VR6 FCS. OFS (décalage de focalisation) de sorte que la tension à broche 6 de TP1 FCS. ERR (erreur de			
			TP1 Broche 1 (RF output)	VR2 (RF. OFS)	Décalage RF 100 mV ± 50 mV	focalisation) devienne 0V ± 50 mV.  • Régler VR2 RF. OFS (décalage RF) de sorte que la tension de sortie RF à la broche 1 de TP1 devienne 100 mV ± 50 mV.			
						Note: Après avoir effectué le réglage du décalage de suivi de piste, toujours effectuer "6. REGLAGE DE L'EQUI-LIBRAGE DE SUIVI DE PISTE".			
2.	REGLAGE	DU NIVEA	U RF		<u> </u>				
			TP1 Broche 1 (RF output)	VR1 (puissance laser)	1,5V +0,2V	<ul> <li>Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).</li> <li>Reproduire le disc d'essai, raccorder l'oscilloscope à la broche 1 de TP1 (sortie RF) et mesurer la tension c-c de la forme d'onde RF.</li> <li>Régler de sorte que la tension devienne 1.5V +0.2V</li> </ul>			
2	CONTROL	EDELAB	110044105 0		-0V	-0V.			
3.	CONTROL	E DE LA PI	JISSANCE DI	E LA DIODE I	LASER (LD)				
					Moins de 0,13 mW	<ul> <li>Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).</li> <li>Appuyer sur la touche d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) (►) pour faire s'allumer la diode laser (LD).</li> <li>Placer le détecteur de l'appareil de mesure pour puissance laser directement audessus de l'objectif et vérifier que la puissance de sortie de la diode laser ne dépasse pas 0,13 mW.</li> </ul>			

Etape No.	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de	Points de contrôle/ spécifications de	Méthode de réglage
	٧	н		réglage	réglage	
4.	CONTRO	LE DU VER	ROUILLAGE	DE FOCALIS	ATION ET DU VE	ERROUILLAGE DE MOYEU
	V 0,5V/div.	H 100 ms. /div.	TP1 Broche 1 (sortie RF)		Présence d'une sortie RF Rotation normale (sens des aiguilles d'une montre)	<ul> <li>Mettre en place le disc d'essai.</li> <li>Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).</li> <li>Appuyer sur la touche de recherche manuelle en avant (MANUAL SEARCH FWD) (▶▶) pour amener le capteur près du centre du disc.</li> <li>Observer la sortie de la broche 1 de TP1 (sortie RF) sur l'oscilloscope. Vérifier que le signal RF est sorti après avoir appuyé sur la touche d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) (▶▶).</li> <li>Appuyer sur la touche de lecture (PLAY ▶) et vérifier que le disc tourne à une vitesse constante (approx. 30 tr/mn. près du centre du disc) dans le sens normal (sens des aiguilles d'une montre); vérifier que le disc ne tourne pas trop rapidement ou dans le sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre.</li> </ul>
5.	REGLAG	E DU RESE	AU (1) (en ut	llisant un dis	c de 8 cm)	
			Fig. 9–2	Note: Ce réglage ne peut être effectué qu'en utilisant un disc de 8 cm ayant des microcuvettes sur un diamètre de 75 mm.  Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).  Mettre en place le disc de 8 cm. Amener le capteur sur la piste la plus extérieure de sorte qu'il soit positionné sur les microcuvettes et que le trou de réglage du réseau du capteur soit visible par le trou dans le mécanisme d'asservissement (voir Fig. 9-2).  Appuyer en séquence sur les touches d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) (▶ → ) et de lecture (PLAY) (▶ → ) pour fermer l'asservissement de focalisation et l'asservissement de moyeu (ne pas fermer l'asservissement de suivi de piste).  Observer la forme d'onde sortie de la broche 2 de TP1 TRK. ERR (erreur de suivi		
	Br	Broche 4 (C	0.001 με	de piste) sur l'oscilloscope, en insérant un filtre passe-bas de 4 kHz (voir la Fig. 9-3).		

Etape	Réglage de l	'oscilloscope	Points d'essai	Points de	Points de contrôle/ spécifications de	Méthode de réglage
No.	٧	н		réglage	réglage	mealous de logizge
	0,5V/div.	5 ms./div.	TP1 Broche 2 (TRK. ERR)	Réseau	Point zéro  Amplitude maximum	<ul> <li>Insérer un tournevis (-) dans le trou de réglage de réseau et tourner pour trouver le point zéro (voir la Photo 9-1).</li> <li>Tourner ensuite lentement le tournevis (-) dans le sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre depuis le point zéro et régler jusqu'à ce que la forme d'onde (signal d'erreur de suivi de piste) atteigne son amplitude maximum (voir la Photo 9-2).</li> <li>Note: Prendre des précautions car l'insertion de force du tournevis (-) fait flotter l'unité du capteur vers le haut.</li> <li>Vérifier, finalement, qu'il n'y a pas de fluctuation majeure dans la tension c-c du signal d'erreur de suivi de piste (ne pas insérer de filtre de coupure passe-bas 4 kHz) lorsque le capteur est déplacé sur la piste la plus intérieure et lorsque le capteur est déplacé sur la piste la plus extérieure. S'il y a une différence de plus de ± 10%, rerégler en tournant la vis de réglage du réseau jusqu'au point d'amplitude maximum du signal d'erreur de suivi de piste.</li> </ul>
5	REGLAGE	DU RESE	AU (2) (sans (	disc de 8 cm	)	
	. Attack		Fig. 9–4.			Effectuer ce réglage lorsqu'un disc de 8 cm n'est pas disponible et que le réglage du réseau (1) ne peut pas être effectué. Déposer le plateau 1 avant d'effectuer ce réglage.  Dépose du plateau 1  1. Régler le plateau I sur la position ouverture (OPEN)  2. Déposer les vis C1 et C2 qui fixent le plateau dans la Fig. 9-4.  3. Déplacer le plateau dans la direction de la flèche de la Fig. 9-5. et en détachant la protubérence B du plateau 1, libérer le l'unité en U à angle de glissement du crochet A du plateau 1.  4. Retirer le plateau en soulevant légèrement le côté de l'unité en U à angle de glissement.
	Unité	U à angle de g Glisseur —	B A Fig. 9–5.	Platea	u 1	

Etape	Réglage de l	'oscilloscope	Points d'essai	Points de	Points de contrôle/ spécifications de	Méthode de réglage		
No.	ν	Н		réglage	réglage	·		
			Tournevis			Note: Ce réglage ne peut être effectué qu'en utilisant un disc ayant des microcuvettes sur un diamètre de 115 mm maximum. Le disc d'essai (YEDS-7) ne peut pas être utilisé.  Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).		
				Vis de rég	lage de réseau	<ul> <li>Mettre en place un disc. Amener le capteur sur la piste la plus extérieure de sorte qu'il soit positionné sur les microcuvettes et que le trou de réglage du réseau du capteur soit visible par le trou dans le mécanisme d'asservissement (voir Fig. 9-6).</li> <li>Appuyer en séquence sur les touches d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) (►) et de lecture (PLAY) (►) pour fermer l'asservissement de focalisation et l'asservissement de moyeu (ne pas fermer</li> </ul>		
			Fig. 9-	6.		l'asservissement de suivi de piste).  Observer la forme d'onde sortie de la		
					•	broche 2 de TP1 TRK. ERR (erreur de suivi de piste) sur l'oscilloscope, en insérant un		
	Bro	che 2 (TRK.E Broche 4 (G	ND)	F	0	filtre passe-bas de 4 kHz (voir la Fig. 9-7).		
		1	Fig. 9–7	' <b>.</b> I	1			
!   	0,5V/div.	5 ms./div.	TP1 Broche 2 (TRK.ERR)	Réseau	Point zéro	<ul> <li>Insérer un tournevis (-) dans le trou de réglage de réseau et tourner pour trouver le point zéro (voir la Photo 9-1).</li> </ul>		
				Réseau	Amplitude maximum	<ul> <li>Tourner ensuite lentement le tournevis (-) dans le sens inverse des aiguilles d'une montre depuis le point zéro et régler jusqu'à ce que la forme d'onde (signal d'erreur de suivi de piste) atteigne son amplitude maximum (voir la Photo 9-2).</li> <li>Note: Prendre des précautions car l'insertion de force du tournevis (-) fait flotter l'unité du capteur vers le haut.</li> <li>Vérifier, finalement, qu'il n'y a pas de fluctuation majeure dans la tension c-c du signal d'erreur de suivi de piste (ne pas insérer de filtre de coupure passe-bas 4 kHz) lorsque le capteur est déplacé sur la piste la plus intérieure et lorsque le capteur est déplacé sur la piste la plus extérieure. S'il y a une différence de plus de ± 10%, rerégler en tournant la vis de réglage du réseau jusqu'au point d'amplitude maximum du signal d'erreur de suivi de piste.</li> </ul>		

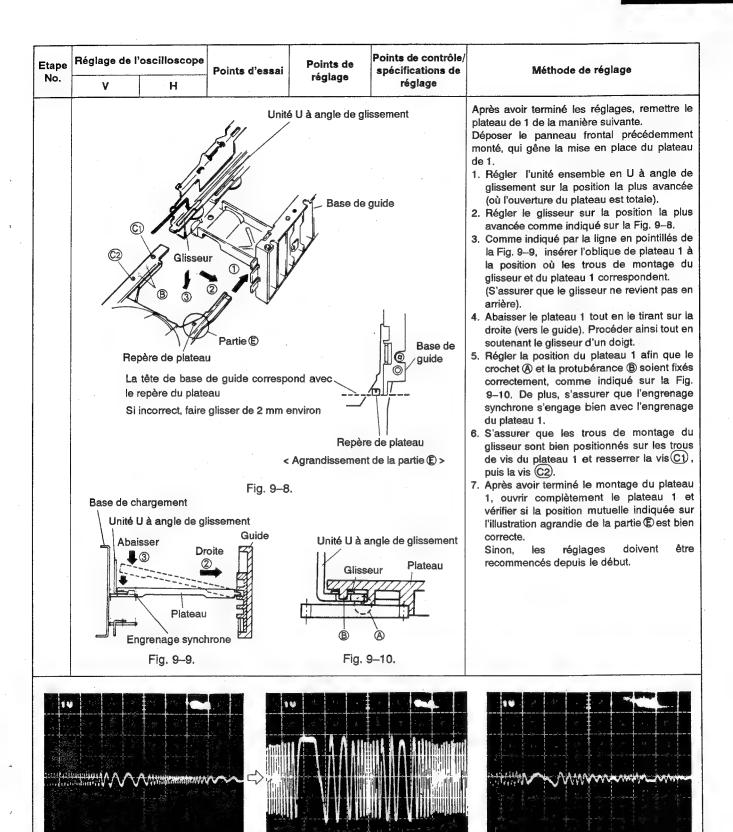


Photo 9-2. Amplitude maximum

Photo 9-1.

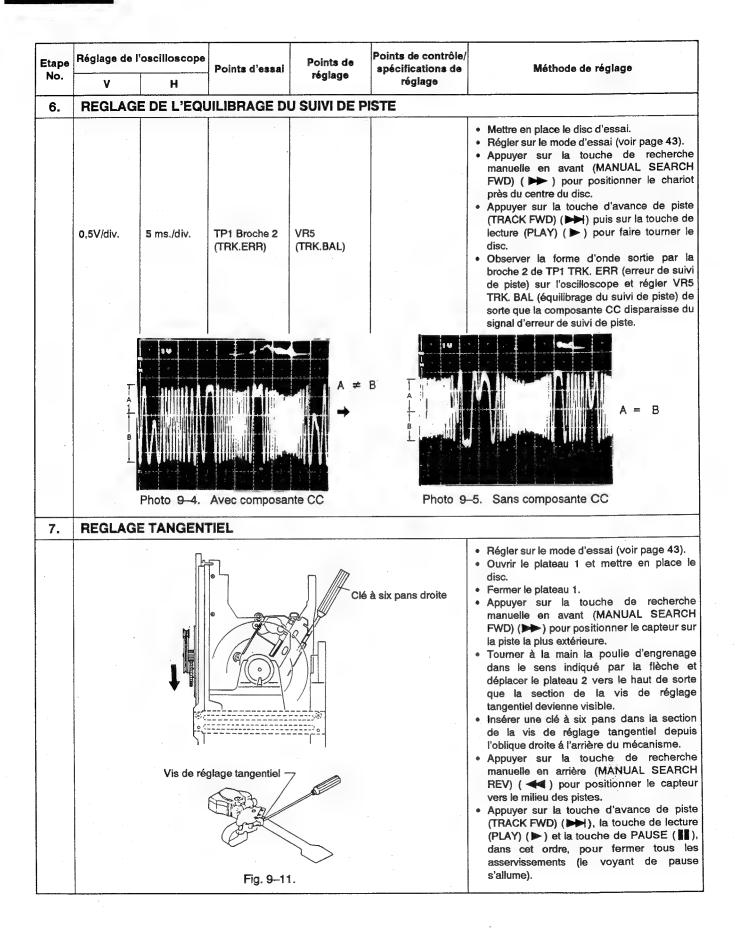
zéro

Forme d'onde de point

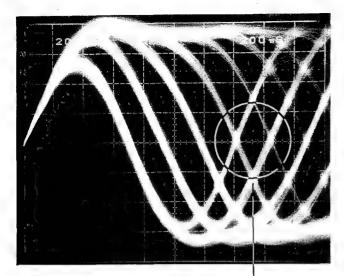
Forme d'onde sans

point zéro

Photo 9-3.



Etape	Réglage de l	l'oscilloscope	Points d'essai	Points de réglage Points de contrôle/ spécifications de Méthode de s		Méthode de réglage
No.	V	Н		regiage	réglage	
		200 ns./div.	TP1 Broche 1 (sortie RF)	Vis de réglage tangentiel	Mire la plus nette possible	<ul> <li>Observer la forme d'onde sortie par la broche 1 de TP1 (sortie RF) sur l'oscilloscope et ajuster la vis de réglage tangentiel afin d'obtenir la mire la plus nette possible.</li> <li>Le point d'ajustement correct se situe à mi-chemin entre les deux points où la mire devient floue lorsque la vis de réglage tangentiel est tournée dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre puis dans le sens inverse. Lorsque toute la forme d'onde devient claire, se concentrer sur la netteté des lignes fines composant la forme de diamant au centre de la mire (voir Photo 9-6). Ajuster jusqu'à ce que la forme de diamant soit constituée de fines lignes</li> </ul>
					(RF	séparées.
						Note: Utiliser une clé à six pans pour maintenir le capteur en position élevée pendant que ce réglage est effectué.



Partie à observer

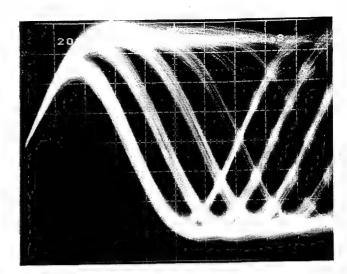


Photo 9-7.



 $\bigvee$ 



Photo 9-6.

Optimal

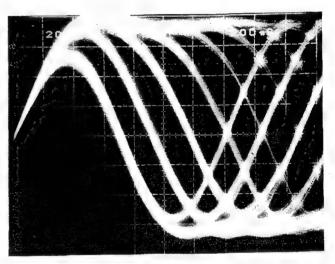


Photo 9-8.

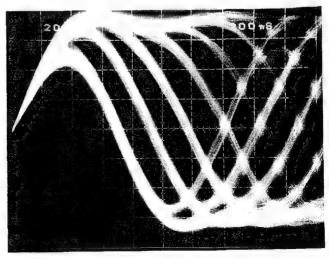


Photo 9-9.

Etape	• ;		Points d'essai	Points de	Points de contrôle/ spécifications de	Méthode de réglage
No.	٧	н		réglage	réglage	meanode de regidge
8.	REGLAG	E DU GAIN	DE FOCALIS	ATION		
	CH1 (X), CH; 20 mV/div. 5 (sonde: 10:1)	mV/div.	Axe X TP1 Broche 5 (FCS. IN)  Axe Y TP1 Broche 8 (FCS. ERR)	VR3 (FCS. GAN)	Différence de phase de 90° Broche 5 (FCS.IN) Broche 4 (GND) Broche 6 (FCS.ERR)	OSC 1.2kHz O 1Vp-p
	Gain	élevé 9–10.		Gain opti Photo 9		Gain bas Photo 9–12.

Etape	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Dointe d'agesi		Points de contrôle/ spécifications de	Méthode de réglage			
No.	V	н	reglage réglage						
9.	REGLAG	E DU GAIN	DE SUIVI DE	PISTE					
	CH1 (X), CH 50 mV/div. 5 (sonde: 10:1	mV/div.	Axe X TP1 Broche 3 (TRK. IN)  Axe Y TP1 Broche 2 (TRK. OUT)	VR4 (TRK. GAN)	Différence de phase de 90°  Broche 3 (TRK.IN Broche 4 (GND)  Broche 2 (TRK.ERR	OSC 1.2kHz 2Vp-p (10:1)			
					0.001	Fig. 9–14.			
No.	Gai	in élevé		Gain o	otimum	Gain bas			
		n eleve o 9-13.		Photo		Photo 9–15.			

Etape	Réglage de l'oscilloscope		Points d'essai	Points de	Points de contrôle/ spécifications de	Méthode de réglage
No.	V	Н	i omio e obsar	réglage	réglage	
10.	REGLAGE	DE LA FR	EQUENCE C	ONTINUELLE	DU VCO	
			TP2 Broche 2 (PLCK)	VR8 (VCO. ADJ)	4,275 ± 0,025 MHz	<ul> <li>Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).</li> <li>Court-circuiter les ponts ASY et GND avec un tournevis (-) ou un outil similaire (voir Fig. 9-1).</li> <li>Raccorder un fréquencemètre capable de mesurer des fréquences de 10 MHz et plus au pont PLCK.</li> <li>Régler VR8 VCO. ADJ (réglage continuel du VCO) de sorte que l'indication du fréquencemètre devienne 4,275 ± 0,025 MHz.</li> </ul>
11.	VERIFICAT	TION DE L	A CARACTER	RISTIQUE S (E	RREUR DE FO	CALISATION)
			TP1 Broche 6 (FCS. ERR)			<ul> <li>Régler sur le mode d'essai (voir page 43).</li> <li>Court-circuiter les broches de TP1 FCS et la broche 4 GND.</li> <li>Observer la forme d'onde sortie par la broche 6 de TP1 FCS. ERR (erreur de focalisation) lorsque la touche d'avance de piste (TRACK FWD) (&gt;&gt;&gt;&gt;) est enfoncée.</li> </ul>

# 9. AJUSTE

La lista de abajo muestra los ítems de ajuste de esta unidad. Los ajustes deben efectuarse en el orden indicado. Dado que la operación de abertura/cerrado de la bandeja de disco 2 no puede efectuarse en el modo de prueba, emplee la bandeja 1 para el ajuste.

# • Items de ajuste y confirmación

- 1. Ajuste de error de seguimiento, enfoque y RF
- 2. Ajuste de nivel de RF
- 3. Confirmación de potencia del diodo laser (LD)
- 4. Confirmación de enclavamiento de enfoque y eje
- 5. Ajuste de retículo
- 6. Ajuste de seguimiento
- 7. Ajuste tangencial
- 8. Ajuste de ganancia de enfoque
- 9. Ajuste de ganancia de seguimiento
- Ajuste de frecuencia propia del oscilador controlado por tensión
- 11. Confirmación de carácter S (error de enfoque)

#### • Equipo de medición

- 1. Osciloscopio de doble trazo
- 2. Medidor de potencia de laser
- 3. Disco de prueba (YEDS-7)
- 4. Filtro de ajuste de ganancia de bucle
- 5. Generador de señales
- 6. Contador de frecuencia
- 7. Herramientas de uso general

#### Puntos de ajuste

# 

Fig. 9-1.

#### • Modo de prueba

# Cómo establecer y cancelar el modo de prueba

- (1) Para establecer el modo de prueba, coloque el interruptor de encendido (S301) en ON mientras mantiene el interruptor de modo de prueba (S1) presionado.
- (2) Para cancelar el modo de prueba, coloque el interruptor de encendido en OFF.

Las funciones de las teclas en el modo de prueba están indicadas en la tabla 9-1.

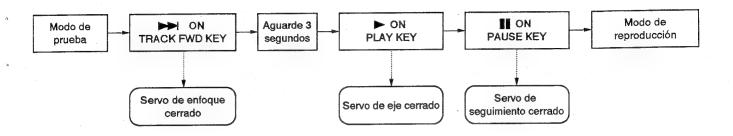
# • Resistores variables (VR) de ajuste y sus nombres

- VR1: Potencia de laser
- VR2: Error de RF (RF. OFS)
- VR3: Ganancia de enfoque (FCS. GAN)
- VR4: Ganancia de seguimiento (TRK. GAN)
- VR5: Equilibrio de seguimiento (TRK. BAL)
- VR6: Error de enfoque (FCS. OFS)
- VR7: Error de seguimiento (TRK. OFS)
- VR8: Frecuencia propia de oscilador controlado por tensión (VCO. ADJ)

En el modo de prueba, los servos se abren y cierran independientemente. Por lo tanto, deben cerrarse uno a la vez (consecutivamente) para que la unidad permanezca en el modo de reproducción normal. Advierta también que en el modo de prueba la unidad no entrará en el modo de reproducción si se presiona solamente la tecla de pausa (11).

Ejemplo: Cambiando del modo de parada al de reproducción

\* En el modo de prueba, los servos deben activarse en forma consecutiva.



#### • Funciones de las teclas en el modo de prueba

Símbolo	Nombre de la tecla	Función en el modo de prueba	Descripción  Enciende el diodo laser y levanta/baja el actuador de enfoque para cerrar el servo de enfoque.  Después de cerrar la bandeja de disco 1, la bandeja se mueve a la posición de reproducción.			
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	TRACK FWD	Cerrar el servo de enfoque				
<b>.</b>	► PLAY Cerrar el servo de eje		Cierra el servo en el modo CLV-A después de arrancar el motor de eje.			
11	PAUSE	Abrir/cerrar el servo de seguimiento	Efectúa una operación de conexión oscilante: Cierra el servo de seguimiento y establece el modo de reproducción cuando se la presiona una vez (siempre y cuando los servos de enfoque y eje estér cerrados), iluminándose al mismo tiempo el indicador PAUSE, y abre el servo de seguimiento cuando se la presiona nuevamente.			
*	MANUAL SEARCH REV	Transportar el carro hacia el centro	Mueve el carro rápidamente (3 cm/s) hacia el centro del disco. Dado que no hay un sistema de seguridad para detener el carro, suelte la tecla cuando el carro llegue a la última pista del disco.			
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	MANUAL SEARCH FWD	Transportar el carro hacia afuera	Mueve el carro rápidamente (3 cm/s) hacia el borde exterior del disco Dado que no hay un sistema de seguridad para detener el carro suelte la tecla cuando éste llegue al borde exterior del disco.			
	STOP	Parada	Detiene todos los servos y vuelve el sistema a su estado inicial.			
<b>A</b>	OPEN/CLOSE Disc I	Abrir/cerrar la bandeja de disco	Abre y cierra la bandeja de disco. El captador no vuelve a la posición de reposo al abrir la bandeja, y permanece quieto al cerrarla.			

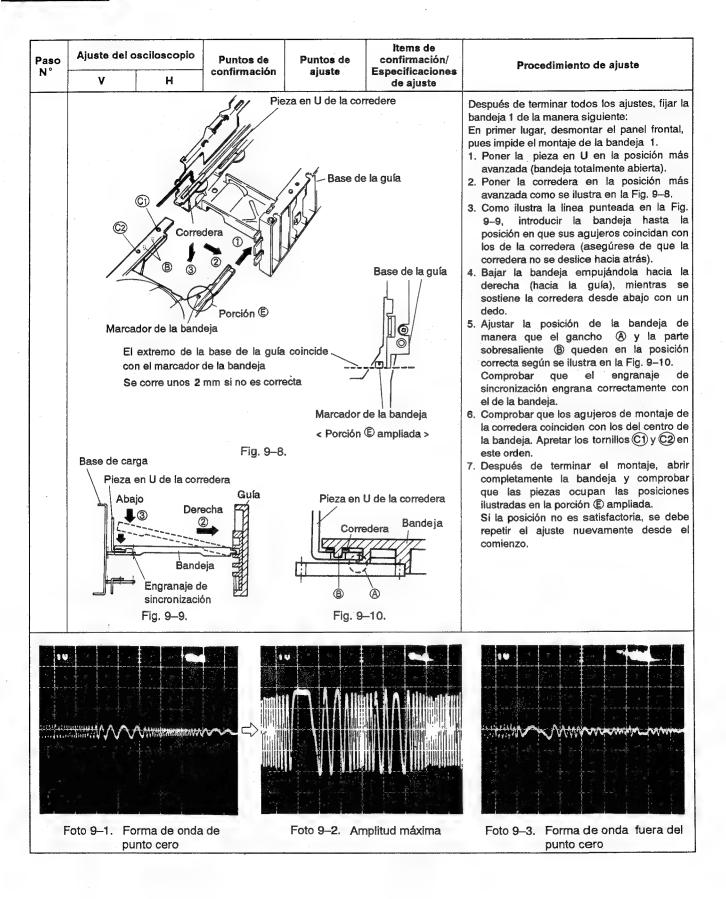
Tabla 9-1.

Paso N°	Ajuste del c	sciloscopio	Puntos de confirmación	Puntos de	Puntos de confirmación/ ajuste Especificaciones	Procedimiento de ajuste
N	٧	Н	Commacion	de ajuste		
1	AJUSTE I	DE ERROR	DE SEGUIMI	ENTO, ENFO	QUE Y RF	
			Patilla 2 de TP1 1 (TRK. ERR) Patilla 6 de TP1 1 (FCS. ERR) Patilla 1 de TP1 (RF. output)	VR5 (TRK. BAL) VR7 (TRK. OFS) VR6 (FCS. OFS) VR2 (RF. OFS)	Error de seguimiento 45°  0V ± 50 mV  Error de enfoque  0V ± 50 mV  Error de RF  100 mV ± 50 mV	<ul> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Gire VR5 TRK. BAL (equilibrio de seguimiento) en sentido antihorario a unos 45° de la posición central.</li> <li>Ajuste VR7 TRK. OFS (error de seguimiento) de modo que la tensión de error de seguimiento (TRK. ERR) en la patilla 2 de TP1 sea 0V ± 50 mV.</li> <li>Ajuste VR6 FCS. OFS (error de enfoque) de modo que la tensión de error de enfoque (FCS. ERR) en la patilla 8 de TP1 sea 0V ± 50 mV.</li> <li>Ajuste VR2 RF. OFS (error de RF) de modo que la tensión de salida de RF en la patilla 1 de TP1 sea 100 mV ± 50 mV.</li> <li>Nota: Después de ajustar el error de seguimiento, no deje de ajustar el equilibrio de seguimiento como se indica en la sección 6.</li> </ul>
2	AJUSTE I	DE NIVEL D	E RF			
			Patilla 1 de TP1 (RF output)	VR1 (potencia de laser)	1,5V +0,2V -0V	<ul> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Reproduzca el disco de prueba, conecte el osciloscopio a la patilla 1 de TP1 (salida de RF) y mida la tensión p-p de la onda de RF.</li> <li>Ajuste de modo que la tensión sea 1,5V +0,2V -0V.</li> </ul>
3	CONFIRM	ACION DE	POTENCIA D	E DIODO LAS	SER (LD)	
					Menor que 0,13 mW	<ul> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Presione la tecla TRACK FWD (►►) para encender el diodo laser.</li> <li>Coloque el sensor del medidor de potencia de laser exactamente sobre la lente del objetivo y confirme que la potencia de salida del laser no exceda 0,13 mW.</li> </ul>

Paso	Ajuste del	osciloscopio	Puntos de	1	Items de confirmación/	Procedimiento de ajuste	
N°	٧	Н	confirmación ajuste		Especificaciones de ajuste		
4	CONFIR	MACION DE	ENCLAVAMI	ENTO DE EN	FOQUE Y EJE		
	<b>V</b> 0,5V/div.	H 100 ms /div.	Patilla 1 de TP1 (salida de RF)		Existe salida de RF Rotación normal (en sentido horario)	<ul> <li>Coloque el disco de prueba.</li> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Presione la tecla MANUAL SEARCH FWD (▶►) y mueva el captador hasta cerca del centro del disco.</li> <li>Observe la salida de la patilla 1 de TP1 en el osciloscopio. Confirme que la señal de RF sea emitida después de presionar la tecla TRACK FWD (▶►).</li> <li>Presione la tecla PLAY (▶) y confirme que el disco gire a velocidad constante (aprox. 30 rpm con el captador cerca del centro del disco) en el sentido normal (horario); asegúrese de que el disco no gire demasiado rápido ni en sentido opuesto.</li> </ul>	
5	AJUSTE	DE RETICU	LO (1) (emple	ando un disc	co de 8 cm)		
				Tornillo de ajust		<ul> <li>Nota: Este ajuste sólo puede efectuarse usando un disco de B cm con hoyos sobre un diámetro de 75 mm.</li> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Coloque el disco de 8 cm. Mueva el captador a la pista exterior, ubicándolo sobre la zona con hoyos de modo que el orificio de ajuste de retículo de captador pueda verse por el orificio del servomecanismo (vea la Fig. 9–2).</li> <li>Presione las teclas TRACK FWD (►►) y PLAY (►) consecutivamente para cerrar los servos de enfoque y eje (no cierre el servo de seguimiento).</li> <li>Observe la forma de onda emitida por la patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK. ERR, error de seguimiento) en el osciloscopio, insertando un filtro de paso bajo de 4 kHz (vea la Fig. 9–3).</li> </ul>	
	Pi	etilla 2 (TRK.E Patilla 4 (G	0.001 µ.F				
			.Fig. 9–3	3.			

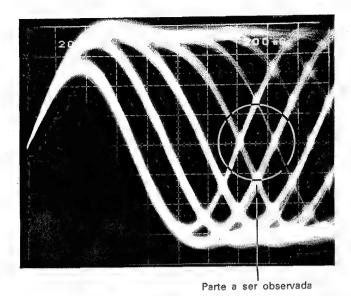
Paso	Ajuste del d	osciloscopio	Puntos de	Puntos de	Items de confirmación/	Procedimiento de ajuste
N°	V	н	confirmación	ajuste	Especificaciones de ajuste	r rocsamiono de ajusto
	0,5 V/div.	5 ms/div.	Patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK.ERR)	Retículo	Punto cero  Amplitud máxima	<ul> <li>Inserte un destornillador en el orificio de ajuste del retículo, y gírelo hasta encontrar el punto cero (vea la Foto 9-1).</li> <li>A continuación, gire lentamente el destornillador en sentido antihorario a partir del punto cero hasta que la forma de onda (señal de error de seguimiento) adquiera amplitud máxima (vea la Foto 9-2).</li> <li>Nota: Inserte el destornillador cuidadosamente, pues hacerlo con demasiada fuerza haría levantar la unidad de captador.</li> <li>Finalmente, confirme que no hayan mayores fluctuaciones en la tensión p-p de la señal de error de seguimiento (sin insertar el filtro de paso bajo de 4 kHz) al mover el captador a la pista interior o a la exterior. Si hubiera una diferencia mayor que ± 10%, repita el ajuste girando el tornillo de ajuste de retículo al punto de amplitud máxima de la señal de error de seguimiento.</li> </ul>
5	AJUSTE I	DE RETICU	LO (2) (sin di	sco de 8 cm)		
	Pie	© Corredera —	Fig. 9-4	Bandeja	1	Utilice este método cuando no disponga de un disco de 8 cm y el procedimiento de ajuste de retículo (1) no sea posible.  Antes de comenzar, extraiga la bandeja 1.  • Extracción de la bandeja 1.  1. Poner la bandeja en la posición abierta (OPEN).  2. Sacar los tornillos C1 y C2 sujetando la bandeja como se ilustra en la Fig. 9-4.  3. Mover la bandeja en la dirección de la flecha como se indica en la Fig. 9-5. y, retirando la parte sobresaliente B de la misma, desenganchar la pieza en U del gancho A.  4. Tirar de la bandeja levantando ligeramente la pieza en U del la corredera.

Paso	Ajuste del d	osciloscopio	Puntos de confirmación	Puntos de ajuste	Items de confirmación/ Especificaciones	Procedimiento de ajuste
N°	V	Н	confirmación	ajuste	de ajuste	
			Destornillador Fig. 9-6	Tornillo de ajus Disco de		Nota: El disco empleado para este ajuste debe tener hoyos hasta un diámetro de 115 mm. El disco de prueba (YEDS-7) no puede utilizarse.  • Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).  • Coloque el disco. Mueva el captador a la pista exterior, ubicándolo sobre la zona con hoyos de modo que el orificio de ajuste de retículo de captador pueda verse por el orificio del servomecanismo (vea la Fig. 9-6).  • Presione las teclas TRACK FWD (▶>) y PLAY (▶) consecutivamente para cerrar los servos de enfoque y eje (no cierre el servo de seguimiento).
	Pa	atilla 2 (TRK.E Patilla 4 (G	TP1 LPF	Ω		Observe la forma de onda emitida por la patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK.ERR, error de seguimiento) en el osciloscopio, insertando un filtro de paso bajo de 4 kHz (vea la Fig. 9-7).
	0,5 V/div.	5 ms/div.	Fig. 9–7 Patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK.ERR)	Retículo Retículo	Punto cero  Amplitud máxima	<ul> <li>Inserte un destornillador en el orificio de ajuste del retículo, y gírelo hasta encontrar el punto cero (vea la Foto 9-1).</li> <li>A continuación, gire lentamente el destornillador en sentido antihorario a partir del punto cero hasta que la forma de onda (señal de error de seguimiento) adquiera amplitud máxima (vea la Foto 9-2).</li> <li>Nota: Inserte el destornillador cuidadosamente, pues hacerlo con demasiada fuerza haría levantar la unidad de captador.</li> <li>Finalmente, confirme que no hayan mayores fluctuaciones en la tensión p-p de la señal de error de seguimiento (sin insertar el filtro de paso bajo de 4 kHz) al mover el captador a la pista interior o a la exterior. Si hubiera una diferencia mayor que ± 10%, repita el ajuste girando el tornillo de ajuste de retículo al punto de seguimiento.</li> </ul>



Paso N°	Ajuste del	osciloscopio	Puntos de confirmación	Puntos de ajuste	Items de confirmación/ Especificaciones	Procedimiento de ajuste
N	V	н	commacion	ajuste	de ajuste	
6	AJUSTE	DE EQUILI	BRIO DE SEG	UIMIENTO		
	0,5 V/div.	5 ms/div.	Patilla 2 de TP1	VR5 (TRK. BAL)		<ul> <li>Coloque el disco de prueba.</li> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Presione la tecla MANUAL SEARCH FWD (►►) y mueva el carro hasta cerca del centro del disco.</li> <li>Presione la tecla TRACK FWD (►►) y después la tecla PLAY (►) para hacer girar al disco.</li> <li>Observe la forma de onda emitida por la patilla 2 de TP1, TRK. ERR (error de seguimiento) en el osciloscopio, y ajuste</li> </ul>
			(TRK. ERR)			VR5 TRK. BAL (equilibrio de seguimiento) de modo que la componente de CC desaparezca de la señal de error de seguimiento.
	T A ST	Foto 9-4.	Con component	A ≠	B A B Foto 9	A = B  5. Sin componente de CC
7	AJUSTE	TANGENCI	AL			
			ijuste tangencial –		e hexagonal recta	<ul> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Abra la bandeja 1 y coloque el disco.</li> <li>Cierre la bandeja 1.</li> <li>Presione la tecla MANUAL SEARCH FWD (▶) y mueva el captador hasta la pista exterior.</li> <li>Gire la polea engranaje con la mano en el sentido indicado por la flecha, y mueva la bandeja 2 hacia arriba de modo que la sección del tornillo de ajuste tangencial quede a la vista.</li> <li>Inserte una llave hexagonal en la sección del tornillo de ajuste tangencial desde la derecha y en forma oblicua, a través de la parte posterior del mecanismo.</li> <li>Presione la tecla MANUAL SEARCH REV (◄) para ubicar el captador en un lugar cualquiera en medio del disco.</li> <li>Presione las teclas TRACK FWD (▶) , PLAY (▶) y PAUSE (■) en este orden para cerrar todos los servos (se encenderá el indicador de pausa).</li> </ul>

Paso N°	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Funtos de Funtos de		Items de confirmación/	Procedimiento de ajuste	
N	V	н	confirmacion	ajuste	Especificaciones de ajuste		
		200 ns/div.	TP1 Patilla 1 (salida de RF)	Tornillo de ajuste tangencial	Imagen de prueba más nítida posible	Observe la forma de onda emitida por la patilla 1 de TP1 (salida de RF) en el osciloscopio y ajuste el tornillo de ajuste tangencial hasta obtener la imagen de prueba más nítida posible.      El punto de ajuste correcto se encuentra entre los dos puntos en que la imagen de prueba se vuelve borrosa al girar el tornillo de ajuste tangencial en sentido horario y después en sentido antihorario. Cuando la forma de onda se aclare en su totalidad,	
						trate de hacer nítidas las líneas finas que forman la figura de diamante en el centro de la imagen de prueba (vea la Foto 9-6). Ajuste hasta que la figura de diamante esté compuesta de líneas finas simples.	
					(ŘF	Illa 4 🕏	
						Fig. 9–12.  Nota: Emplee una llave hexagonal para mantener el captador levantado durante este ajuste.	



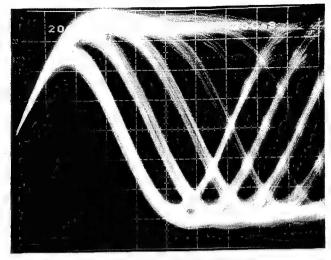


Foto 9-7.







Foto 9-6.

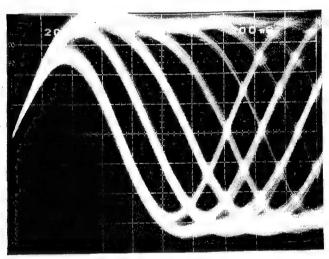


Foto 9-8.

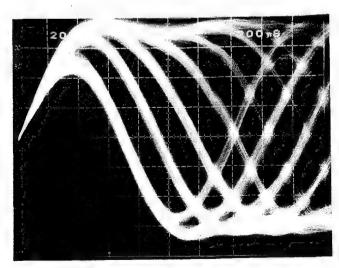


Foto 9-9.

Paso N°	Ajuste del osciloscopio V H		Puntos de Puntos de confirmación ajuste		Items de confirmación/ Especificaciones	Procedimiento de ajuste		
N					de ajuste			
8	AJUSTE DE GANANCIA DE ENFOQUE							
Canal 1 (x), canal 2 (y) 20 mV/div., 5 mV/div. (sonda: 10:1)		5 mV/div.	Eje de las "x" Patilla 5 de TP1 (FCS.IN) Eje de las "y" Patilla 6 de TP1 (FCS.ERR)	VR3 (FCS.GAN)	Diferencia de fase 90° Patilla 5 (FCS.IN Patilla 4 (GND) Patilla 6 (FCS.ERR	OSC 1.2kHz O 1Vp-p		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
		ganancia 9–10.		Ganancia Foto 9	•	Baja ganancia Foto 9–12.		

Paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio V H		Puntos de Puntos de confirmac			Procedimiento de ajuste				
N°			confirmación ajuste Especificaciones de ajuste			Procedimento de ajusto				
9	AJUSTE DE GANANCIA DE SEGUIMIENTO									
	Canal 1 (x), canal 2 (y) 50 mV/div., 5 mV/div. (sonda: 10:1)		Eje de las "x" Patilla 3 de TP1 (TRK. IN) Eje de las "y" Patilla 2 de TP1 (TRK. OUT)	VR4 (TRK. GAN)	Diferencia de fase 90° Patilla 3 (TRK.IN Patilla 4 (GND) Patilla 2 (TRK.ERR) 39k Ω	1.2kHz O 2Vp-p (10:1)				
	Alta ga	nancia		Ganancia Foto 9-	•	Baja ganancia Foto 9–15.				

Paso	Ajuste del osciloscopio		Puntos de	Puntos de	Items de confirmación/	Procedimiento de ajuste		
N°	V	н	confirmación	ajuste	Especificaciones de ajuste			
10	AJUSTE DE FRECUENCIA PROPIA DEL OSCILADOR CONTROLADO POR TENSION							
			Patilla 2 de TP2 (PLCK)	VR8 (VCO. ADJ)	4.275 ± 0.025 MHz	<ul> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Ponga en cortocircuito los contactos ASY y GND con un destornillador o herramienta similar (vea la Fig. 9-1).</li> <li>Conecte un contador de frecuencia capaz de medir frecuencias de 10 MHz y mayores al puente PLCK.</li> <li>Ajuste VR8 (VCO. ADJ, ajuste de frecuencia libre del oscilador controlado por tensión) de modo que el contador de frecuencia indique 4,275 ± 0,025 MHz.</li> </ul>		
11	CONFIR	MACION DE	L CARACTER	S (ERROR D	E ENFOQUE)			
			Patilla 6 de TP1 (FCS. ERR)			<ul> <li>Establezca el modo de prueba (vea la página 56).</li> <li>Cortocircuite el contacto 5 de TP1 FCS. IN (entrada de enfoque) y el contacto 4 a tierra.</li> <li>Observe la forma de onda emitida por la patilla 6 de TP1 (FCS.ERR, error de enfoque) al presionar la tecla TRACK FWD (▶►).</li> </ul>		

# 10 MECHANISM DESCRIPTION

#### Features

The twin-tray system mechanism incorporated in this unit has the following two main features.

The first is that loading motor for driving the trays is the same used with the conventional single tray system, and only one motor is used. This allows for the configuration of a twin tray system CD player at a low cost. Also because almost the same control circuit for driving loading motor as used for single tray CD players can be used, this also contributes to reducing costs.

The second feature is the reduction in space provided by having the trays stacked over top of each other. Because this allows for the same parts arrangement (electrical system board on right and mechanism on left as seen from front panel) as conventional single tray CD players, our know—how of these units can be directly applied.

# Movement Range of Trays

As shown in Fig. 10-1, tray is attached to the slider by two screws  $\oplus$ . Slider moves over the groove in the slid angle. Because it is impossible to provide the distance that tray must move (from OPEN position to PLAY position) by the movement which slide angle is capable of, the operation of the linear gear  $\oplus$  attached to loading base, synchronous gear attached to slide angle, and the linear gear section  $\oplus$  of the tray, doubles the movement distance of slide angle to allow movement of tray. The principles of operation are as follows. When slide angle moves in the horizontal direction (forward and back direction), synchronous gear rotates to move tray by the same amount that slide angle was moved.

As can be seen in Fig. 10-1, the position of tray has moved twice the distance  $\bigcirc$  that slide angle travelled, when compared with the position of tray before movement of slide angle. (The same applies to both tray 1 and tray 2.)

As shown in Fig. 10-2, slide angle U and slide angle L have shafts  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  and shafts  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  respectively, and  $\bigcirc$  respectively, and  $\bigcirc$  and washers  $\bigcirc$  are used to attach these angles to loading base.

Thus, slide angle U and slide angle L move along grooves 1 and 0.

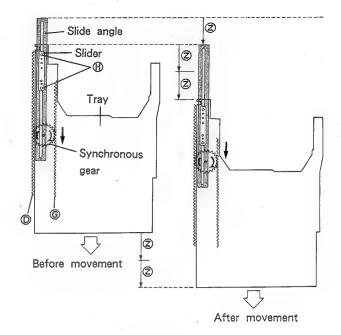


Fig. 10-1.

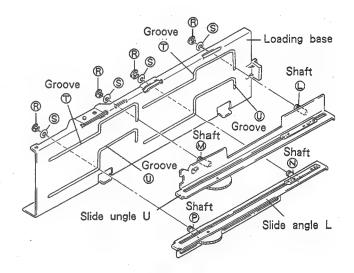


Fig. 10-2.

# Relationship between slide angle shaft movement range and tray movement range

In order to save space, the twin-tray system mechanism of this unit synchronizes the movement of the two trays, except when they are opened and closed independently (refer to page 72 regarding opening and closing).

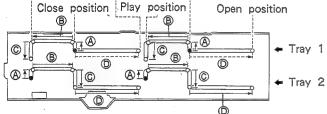
Tray 1 and tray 2 stop at the play position, close position, and open position, and in either position both trays never stop at the same position at the same time.

Fig. 10-3 shows an example of tray 1 going from the close position to the play position and tray 2 from the play position to the close position (tray swapping operation).

- 1. Tray 2 rises distance (A) from the play position. At this time, movement of tray 1 is synchronized to tray 2, and it rises the same distance of (A) from the close position.
- In order that tray 2 and tray 1 swap positions, both move a distance equivalent to twice distance
   (This is performed by the 2× stroke mechanism formed by synchronous gear, trays, and loading base linear gear section.)
- 3. Tray 1 drops a distance of © from over top of the play position and tray 2 drops the same distance synchronized to it.

The above describes the tray swapping operation. When at the open position, the tray moves a distance of twice distance  $\mathbb D$  from the close position.

Play position Open position Close position



\*Initial position • → After replacing

Tray 1: CLOSE Tray 1: PLAY

Trav 2: PLAY Trav 2: CLOSE

\*Horizontal movement range

Tray movement ..... Moving range of slide angle shaft: B ×2

(D×2)

# Power transmission route from loading motor

The power transmission route is shown in Fig. 10-4. The rotation of the loading motor is transferred by rubber belt, gear pulley, and gear, and is transmitted to the linear gear section © of rack U and rack L positioned above and below the gear.

Because rack U and rack L are positioned above and below gear, there is synchronized opposing movement to the left and right when the gear rotates.

This movement to the left and right (front and back directions when seen from the front panel) is used to drive the two trays.

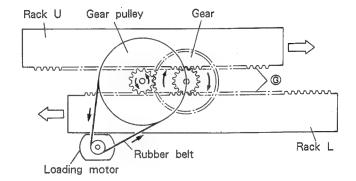


Fig. 10-4.

#### • Operation of rack U and rack L

Fig. 10-5 shows the racks and areas around the switch lever.

The racks change the linear movement in the right and left directions into the complex movement of the trays by grooves P, G, H, and J on the reverse side and grooves D and J in loading base, as shown in Fig. 10-6. Grooves R, V, W, and Z on the front side control the SW board ass'y switches (U, S, and L).

At the same time, the protruding section of switch lever S disengages the linear gear section of the rack from the gear at the play position so allow one of the trays to be opened/closed while the other tray is at the play position.

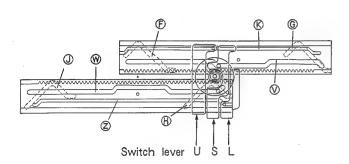


Fig. 10-5.

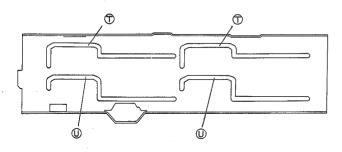


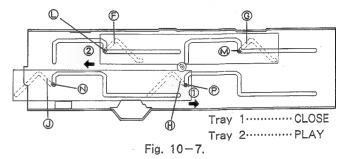
Fig. 10-6.

Fig. 10-7 through Fig. 10-10 show movement of tray 2 from the play position to the close position and tray 1 from the close position to the play position by the linear movement of rack U and rack L.

 From the state shown in Fig. 10-7, racks U and L move in the directions of arrows ② and ① respectively.

This causes sections  $\widehat{\mathbb{F}}$  and  $\widehat{\mathbb{G}}$  of the racks and inclined grooves at  $\widehat{\mathbb{H}}$  and  $\widehat{\mathbb{J}}$  to push slide angle shafts  $\mathbb{O}$ ,  $\mathbb{M}$ ,  $\mathbb{M}$ , and  $\mathbb{P}$ .

- When rack U and rack L move in the directions of the arrows ② and ① respectively, the force dispersed in the ⊗ direction and the ♡ direction shown in Fig. 10-8 acts on slide angle shafts ①, M, N, and P.
  - However, because it is impossible to move forward in the  $\otimes$  direction, there is only movement in the  $\otimes$  direction (upwards) and shafts  $\otimes$ ,  $\otimes$ , and  $\otimes$  rise while climbing the inclined sections of the grooves.
- 3. In Fig. 10-9, there is parallel movement pressing against the grooves for movement from (1) to (2), (R) to (R2), (S1) to (S2), and (V1) to (V2).
- 4. When points (2), (2), (3), and (7) are passed, the rack movement is dropping along the inclined section of the grooves as shown in Fig. 10-10.



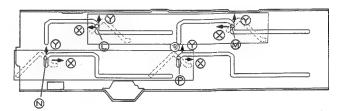


Fig. 10-8.

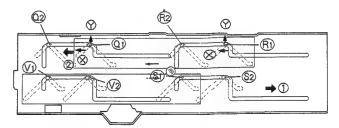
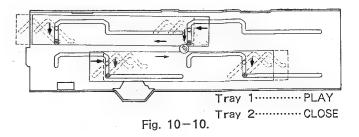


Fig. 10-9.



# • Measures taken for opening/closing

As described above, rack U and rack L positioned above and below the gear have synchronized movement.

However, when one of the trays is in the play position and the other tray is opened or closed, there would be a problem with the two trays moving together.

This problem is solved by disengaging the linear gear section of the rack driving the tray at the play position from the gear.

Fig. 10-11 shows the positions of rack U and rack L and the position of switch lever S when tray 2 is in the play position and tray 1 is in the close position. There are protruding sections at A and B of switch lever S, and these are inserted in grooves V and W on the front side of racks U and L.

As shown in Fig. 10-12, when rack L (tray 2) is at the play position, the linear gear section of rack L is only touching the gear (section E), and rack L cannot move forward under its own force.

When tray 1 is opened or closed in this state, it is necessary to completely separate the linear gear section of rack L from the gear as there is the danger of contact with the gear.

The protruding sections of rack U and switch lever S are used to separate the gear section of rack L from the gear.

When tray 1 is moved towards the open position and rack U moves in the direction ①, protruding section ③ inserted in the groove ③ of rack U is pushed in the direction ② while climbing the inclined section of the groove. The protruding section ⑤ inserted into the groove of the rack L is synchronized to this movement and moves up.

This causes a force pushing rack L in the direction ③ (play position direction) to act upon the inclined section of the groove of rack L, and allows for complete separation of the rack L gear section from the gear (At this time disc does not come in contact with the tray.).

When the close and play positions of rack U and rack L are swapped, (A) is pushed down and (B) is synchronized to it and moves down. This causes rack L to be pulled in towards the gear side. In this manner, the gear section of rack L is engaged with the gear again.

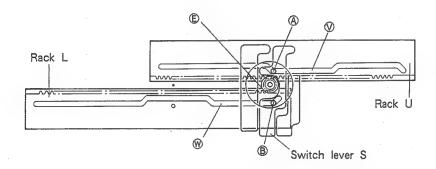


Fig. 10-11.

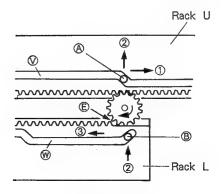


Fig. 10-12.

#### • Detection Method for Tray Position

The positions of tray 1 and tray 2 are detected by Pins 29, 29, and 29 of the system control microcomputer IC6 (PD4184) installed in this unit. The current position of the trays is detected by the "H" and "L" combinations at these pins, and the loading motor is controlled accordingly.

Table 10-1 shows the status of the various pins and the corresponding status of tray 1 and tray 2. The positions of trays 1 and 2 are shown in Fig. 10-13. The status of Pins (3), (3), and (3) of the system control microcomputer (PD4184) is created according to the ON/OFF status of the SW board ass'y switches (U, S, and L) attached to the loading base ass'y. Because Pins (3), (3), and (3) are pulled up to 5V by the R146, R147, and R149 resistors, the status is "H" when the switches (U, S, and L) are OFF (lever not pressed).

These position detection switches (U, S, and L) are switched ON/OFF by the up and down movement of 0 (switch lever U), S (switch lever S), and 0 (switch lever L) shown in Fig. 10-14. The switch is ON when the switch lever is moved down. There are protruding sections A, B, O, and D on these switch levers, and these are inserted into grooves N, W, K, and D on the front side of rack U and rack L.

Because the grooves in these racks change height according to the positions of rack U and rack L, the height of the switch levers (U, S, and L) also changes accordingly. Fig. 10-15 through Fig. 10-17 show the state of the various sections as trays move.

As described above, switch lever S also has the function of separating the linear gear section of the rack (rack driving tray at play position) from the gear.

	_	TRAY1	TRAY2	TRY1 (Pin @)	TSEL (Pin 🚳)	TRY2 (Pin ®)	Remarks
	1	OPEN	PLAY	L	Н	L	When tray 2 is at play position, indicates that tray 1 has arrived in open position from close position.
3	2	OPEN/ CLOSE	PLAY	Н	Н	· L	When tray 2 is at play position, indicates that tray 1 is between close position and open position.
ECHA	3	CLOSE	PLAY	Н	L .	L	When tray 2 is at play position, indicates that tray 1 is at close position.
MSIN	<b>(4)</b>	CHANGE	CHANGE	Н	L.	Н	When there is transition from (4) to (5), indicates that there is movement in progress with tray 1 to play position and tray 2 to close position.
P'0 S I	8	CHANGE	CHANGE	Н	Н	Н	When there is transition from § to ④, indicates that there is movement in progress with tray 1 to close position and tray 2 to play position.
TION	6	PLAY	CLOSE	L	Н	Н	Indicates that tray 1 is at play position and tray 2 at close position.
	Ø	PLAY	OPEN/ CLOSE	L	L	Н	When tray 1 is at play position, indicates that tray 2 is between close position and open position.
	8	PLAY	OPEN	L	L	L	When tray 1 is at play position, indicates that tray 2 has arrived in open position.

Table 10-1.

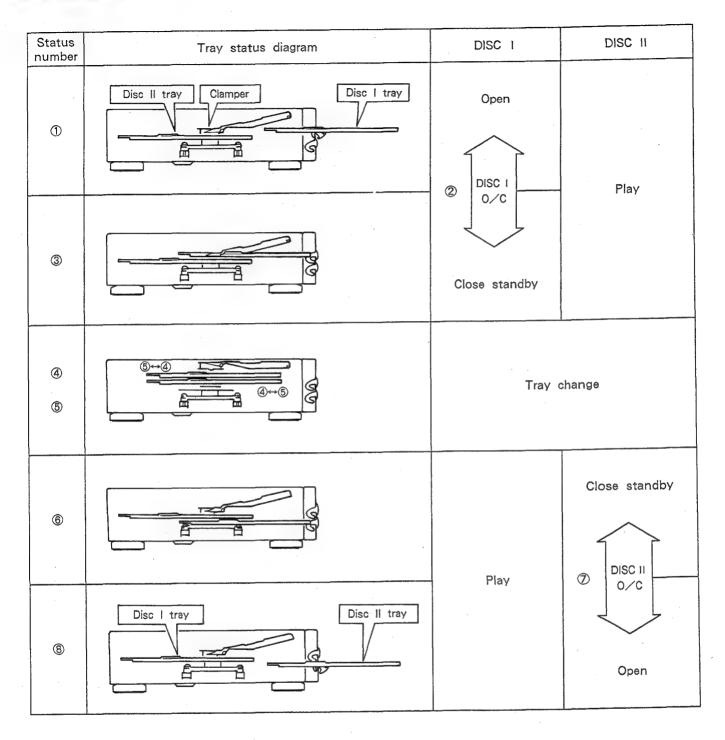


Fig. 10-13. Twin-Tray Operation Description Diagram

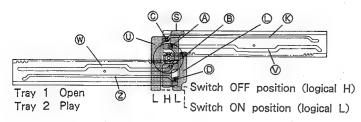


Fig. 10-14.

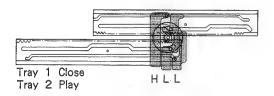


Fig. 10-15.

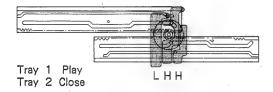


Fig. 10-16.

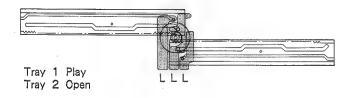


Fig. 10-17.

# • Clamper holder operation

Only during clamping (tray at play position), clamper holder stops in the state that the  $\otimes$  section of clamper holder is positioned over the upper surface section  $\odot$  of the gear on loading base, as shown in Fig 10-18.

This means that there is no contact with the slid angle U  $\mathbb O$  even if tray 1 is opened or closed.

## • Clamper holder stopper

This unit is shipped with tray 2 at the play position and tray 1 at the close position.

A stopper to prevent up/down movement is attached at section M of the slid angle U in Fig. 10-18 to prevent clamper holder from moving up or down due to vibration during transport.

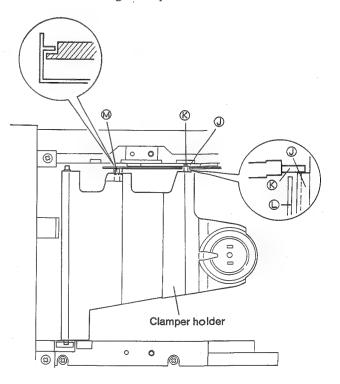


Fig. 10-18.

# 11. IC DESCRIPTIONS

# • SM5807FP (quadruple oversampling digital filter)

This LSI is equipped with a digital filter for two channels, permitting quadruple oversampling output for each channel, so that a simple analog filter is sufficient for post processing.

In addition, since input and output are serial, compact system design was made possible, and by setting the output switching terminal it can be used for both 1 D/A converter and 2 D/A converter systems.

(I: Input terminal, O: Output terminal, IP: Input terminal with pull-up)

Pin No.	Pin Name	1/0	Pin Function			
1	XT	1	Oscillation input terminal			
2	XT	0	Oscillation output terminal			
3	CKSL	IP	CKSL=H: Crystal oscillation (384 fs=16.9344 MHz) or external input to XT.         CKSL=L: Crystal oscillation (192 fs=8.4672 MHz) or external input to XT. (See Note 1.)			
4	CKO	0	Clock output (See Note 1.)			
5	LRCI	ΙP	44.1 kHz sync clock input Operation starts at the rising edge of the sync clock LRCI.			
6	DIN	ΙP	Serial data input  Serial input data is input at the rising edge of the serial input bit clock BCKI. The serial data is latched at the internal register by the			
7	BCKI	ΙP	Serial input bit clock sync clock LRCI after 16 bits are entered.			
8	Vss	/	GND terminal (0V)			
9	SOMD	IP	SOMD=H:1 D/A converter output mode (Serial data of Lch and Rch is output alternately from DOUT, thus conversion can be performed by one D/A converter.)  SOMD=L:2 D/A converter output mode (Lch bit clock pulse is output from the WDCO terminal, thus in-phase conversion using two D/A converters is possible.)			
10	DGR	0	Deglitched signal for Rch (176.4 kHz, 25% duty)			
11	DGL	0	Deglitched signal for Lch (176.4 kHz, 25% duty)			
12	DOUT	0	Serial data output Data is output by MSB first with two's complement format. The data varies synchronizing at the serial output bit clock (BCKO terminal output) falling edge.			
13	WDCO	0	SOMD=H: Output control clock (352.8 kHz) SOMD=L: Lch bit clock			
14	LRCO	0	Output control clock (176.4 kHz)			
15	BCKO	0	Serial output bit clock (8.4672 MHz) output terminal			
16	VDD	/	+ power supply terminal (TYP=5V)			

# Note 1:

The system clock pulse is generated by crystal oscillation (X'tal) or external input (EXT) as shown in table 11.1.

CKSL	H or open	L	
Clock pulse generation method	Crystal oscillation or external input	Crystal oscillation or external input	
XT input frequency	384 fs= 16.9344 MHz	192 fs= 8.4672 MHz	
Clock output (CKO)	384 fs= 16.9344 MHz	192 fs= 8.4672 MHz	
System clock	192 fs= 8.4672 MHz	192 fs= 8.4672 MHz	

Table 11.1 Clock Pulse Generation Method

The following sections for PD-T303 are the same as those of PD-T503.
 (Refer to PD-T503)
 DISASSEMBLY, REASSEMBLY, Mechanism Section of EXPLODED VIEW AND PARTS LIST, ADJUSTMENTS, MECHANISM DESCRIPTION and Waveforms in the SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM.

# 12. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST FOR PD-T303

## NOTES:

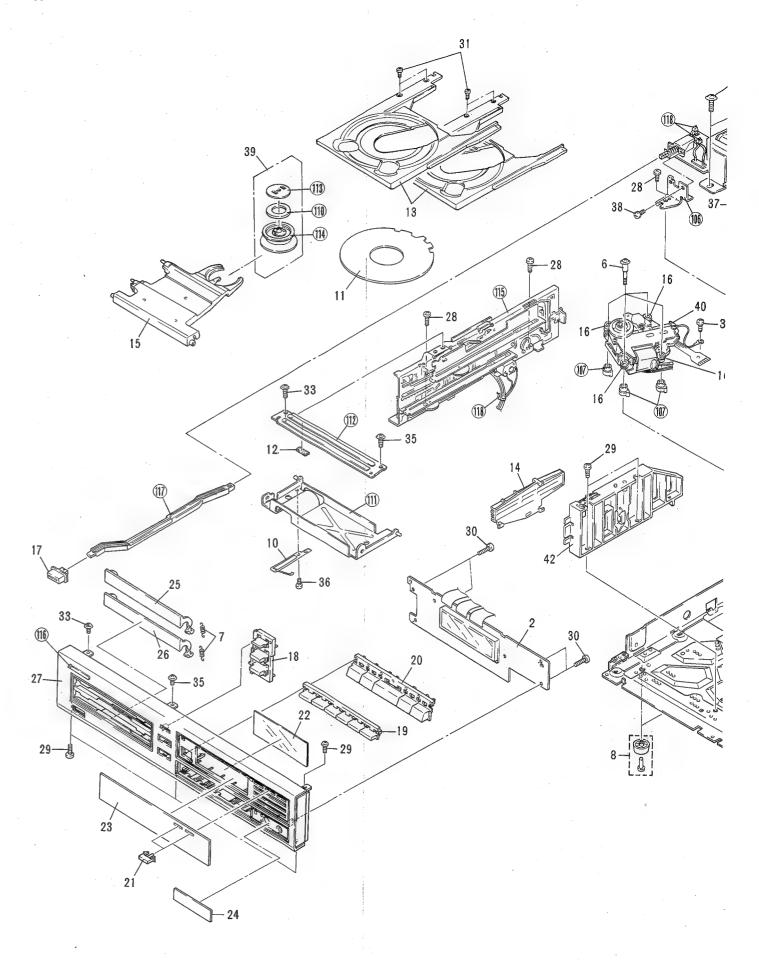
• Parts without part number cannot be supplied.

• The A mark found on some component parts indicates the impotance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

• Parts marked by "⊙" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

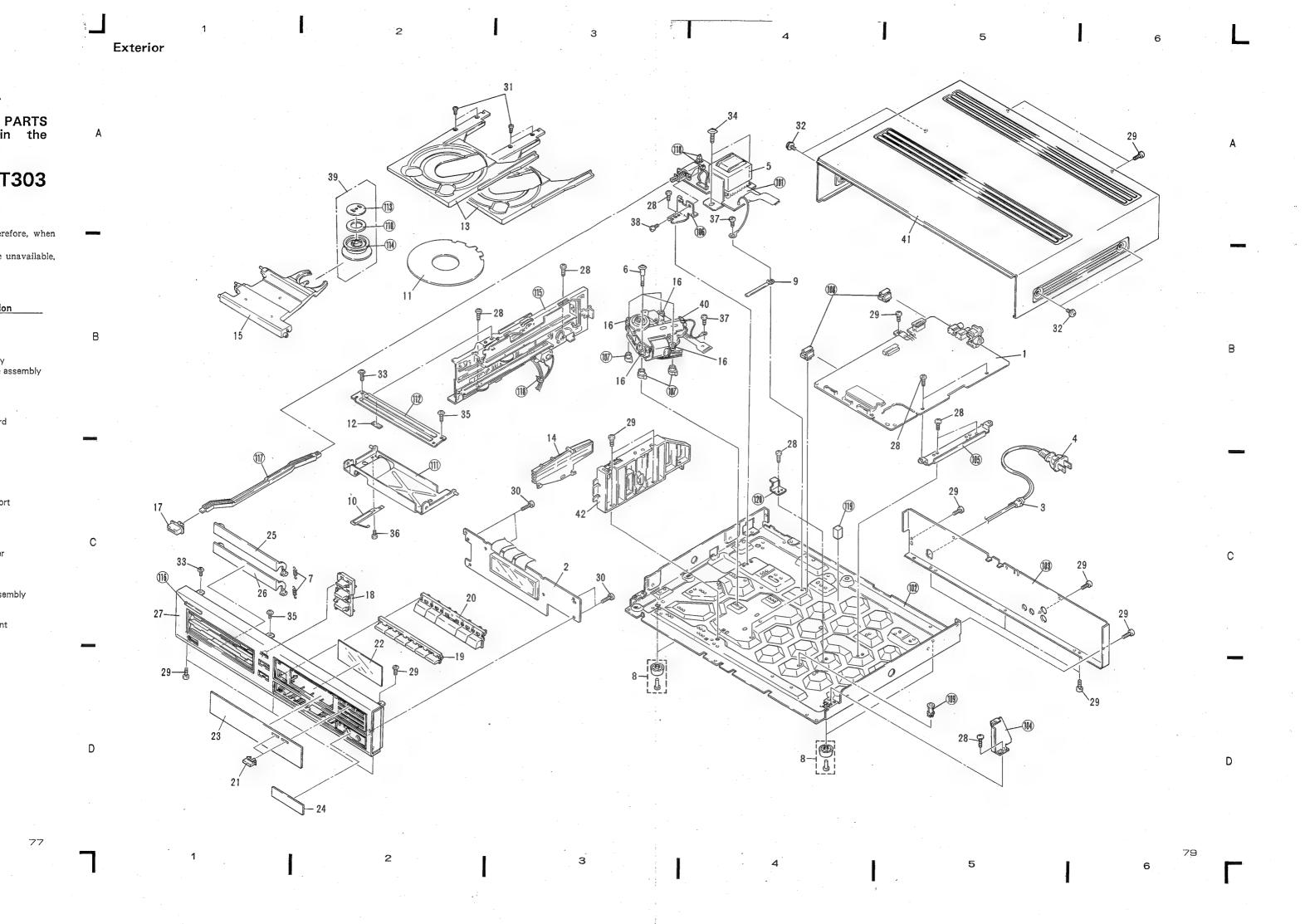
# Parts List of Exterior

<u>Mark</u>	No.	Part No.	Description		Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1 2 3 4 5	PWZ1572 CM-22C PDG1015	Main board assembly Control board assembly Strain relief AC Power cord Power transformer			38	PDZ26P050FMC PDZ30P050FMC PMZ30P060FCU PYY1088 PYY1091	Screw Screw Screw Clamper assembly Servo mechanism assembly
	6 7 8 9 10	PXA1201 RNH-184	Screw Door spring Leg assembly Cord clamper Plate spring		•	.41 42 101	PYY1093 PNW1477	Bonnet Guide base Transformer board assembly
	13 14	PHC1043 PNM1011 PNW1475 PNW1476 PNW1479	Spacer (For Packing) Cushion rubber Tray Guide Clamper holder			102 103 104 105		Under base Rear base Panel angle P.C.B angle Switch angle
	17	PEB1014 PAC1058 PAC1347	Froating rubber Power Button (OFF/ON) O/C Button (TIME, OPEN/CLOSE DISC 1, II)			107 108 109 110		Mechanism support Holder P.C.B spacer Magnet
		PAC1348 PAC1349	Track Button (AUTO EJECT, REPEAT,  (A, ), (A, ))  Play Button (M, M, ), DISC I, DISC II)			111 112 113 114 115		Synchronous lever Joint plate Yoke Clamper Loading base assembly
	21	PAC1350	Button (A) (PROGRAM, RANDOM PLAY)			116 117 118		Name plate Power switch joint Binder
	23 24	PAM1255 PAM1280 PAM1281 PNW1498	FL Plate (A) Window Name plate (A) Door 1			119 120		Hold rubber Hold angle
	27 28 29	PNW1499 PYY1105 BBZ30P060FMC BBZ30P080FZK BBZ30P120FMC	Door 2 Control panel unit Screw Screw Screw	٠.				
	33 34	BMZ20P040FZK FBT40P080FZK IBZ30P050FZK PSA40P080FZB IPZ30P080FMC						



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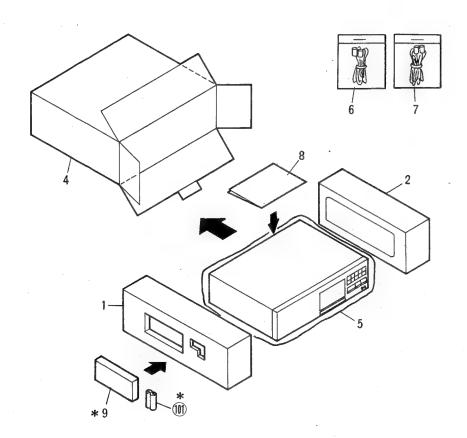


# 13. PACKING FOR PD-T303

# Parts List of Packing

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
9	3	PHA1087 PHA1088 PHC1043 PHG1291 Z23-007	Protector (L) Protector (R) Spacer (in the tray 2) Packing case Sheet
	6 7 8 * 9	PDE-319 PDE1002 PRB1081 PWW1035	Connection cord Connection cord Operating instructons (English) Remote control unit
;	<b>*</b> 101		Battery

Note: Parts marked with (  $\boldsymbol{*}$  ) are applied only for PD-T403 type.



14. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR PD-T303 SERVO MECHANISM ASSEMBLY PYY1091 (1/2) MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY PWZ1568 Indicated in  $\Omega$ , 1/6W, ±5% tolerance unless otherwise noted k;  $k\Omega$ , M;  $M\Omega$ , (F);  $\pm 1\%$ , (G);  $\pm 2\%$ , (K);  $\pm 10\%$ , (M);  $\pm 20\%$ ; tolerance. 2 CAPACITORS: Indicated in capacity  $(\mu F)$ /voltage (V) unless otherwise noted p; pF. PICK UP ASSEMBLY PWY1009 IC3 CXD1130QZ DECODER Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor

3. VOLTAGE CURRENT: C15 33/16 -5 C12 70 4 OTHERS: OTHERS:

→ ; Signal route.

⊘ ; Adjusting point.

The ≜ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.

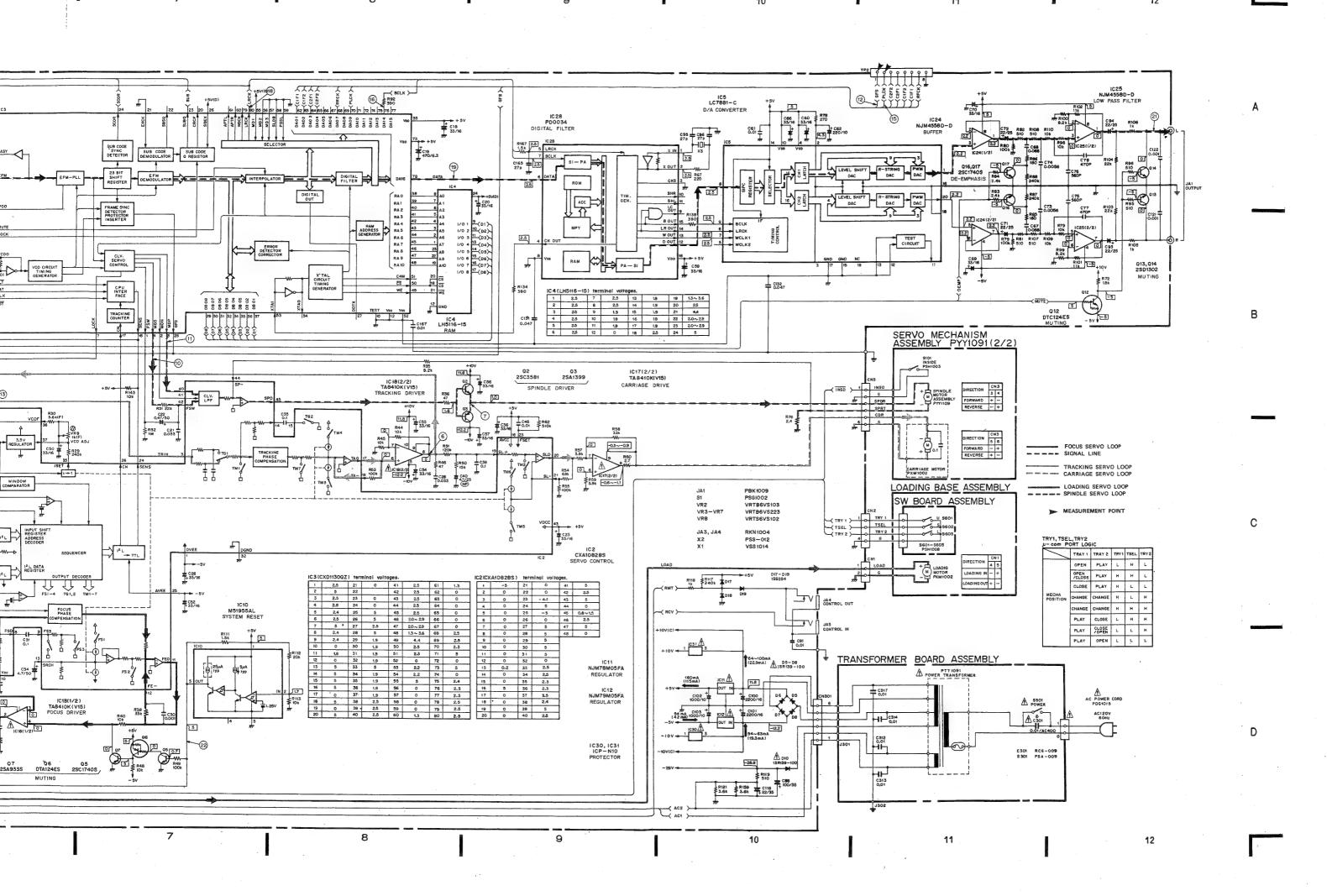
※ marked capacitors and resistors have parts numbers. SUB CODE SYNC DETECTOR R20 R21 C16 0.47/50 T 0.01 23 BIT SHIFT REGISTER R24 ≸ R23 Control board assembly S201: DISC 1 OPEN/CLOSE
S202: DISC 11 OPEN/CLOSE
S203: 44
S206: 14
S206: 14
S206: 16
S207: 16
S207: 16
S209: 11ME
S210: REPEAT
S211: AUTO EJECT
S212: PFOM
S213: RANDOM PLAY
S214: DISC 1 SELECT ₹R25 Ø VR2 VR2 VR2 FOCUS ERR 14) o R 19 10k CPU INTER FACE ø, S214 : DISC | SELECT S215 : DISC || SELECT TRACKING COUNTER R133 3.3M Q19 DTC124ES TRACKING ERROR MUTE Transformer board assembly
S301: POWER ON-OFF
Outside of PC board assembly S101: INSIDE ON-OFF This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may van 01 25A1399 LD AMP due to improvements in design. CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY PWZ1572 (3) TRACK REP TIME REM TOTAL AUTO PGM DISC **EJECT** RŅD R65 C143 30K O C143 30K O C143 22K C17 A C22K C17 A C22K (063) 0 (063) (064) 0 (065) (066) 0 (066) (067) 0 (067) (068) 0 (069) TRY2 > FS1-4 TG1,2 TM1-7 -(DG3)-43 DG CDG5 345 DG 065 D65 D65 D66 D66 D67 D67 D68 D68 D69 D69 T C161 -5V - 4W - 0EMP -50 DEMP R71 | 0MUTE | 51 MUTE | 53 MUTE | 54 MUTE | 54 MUTE | 54 MUTE | 55 MUTE R201 100 Wy R202 100 0 ⊷\*م R41 \$ R42 \$ 4.7 \$ -5V ← C98 ## ## ## ## (SJ) 58 SJ (SI) 59 SI (SD) 60 SD (SC) 61 SC (SB) 62 SB \$210 C37 ₹R182 (5) 5211 S208 07 06 05 25A9335 DTA124ES 25C1740S D201-D204: 1\$\$254 \$201-\$216: P\$G1003 V201: PEL1027

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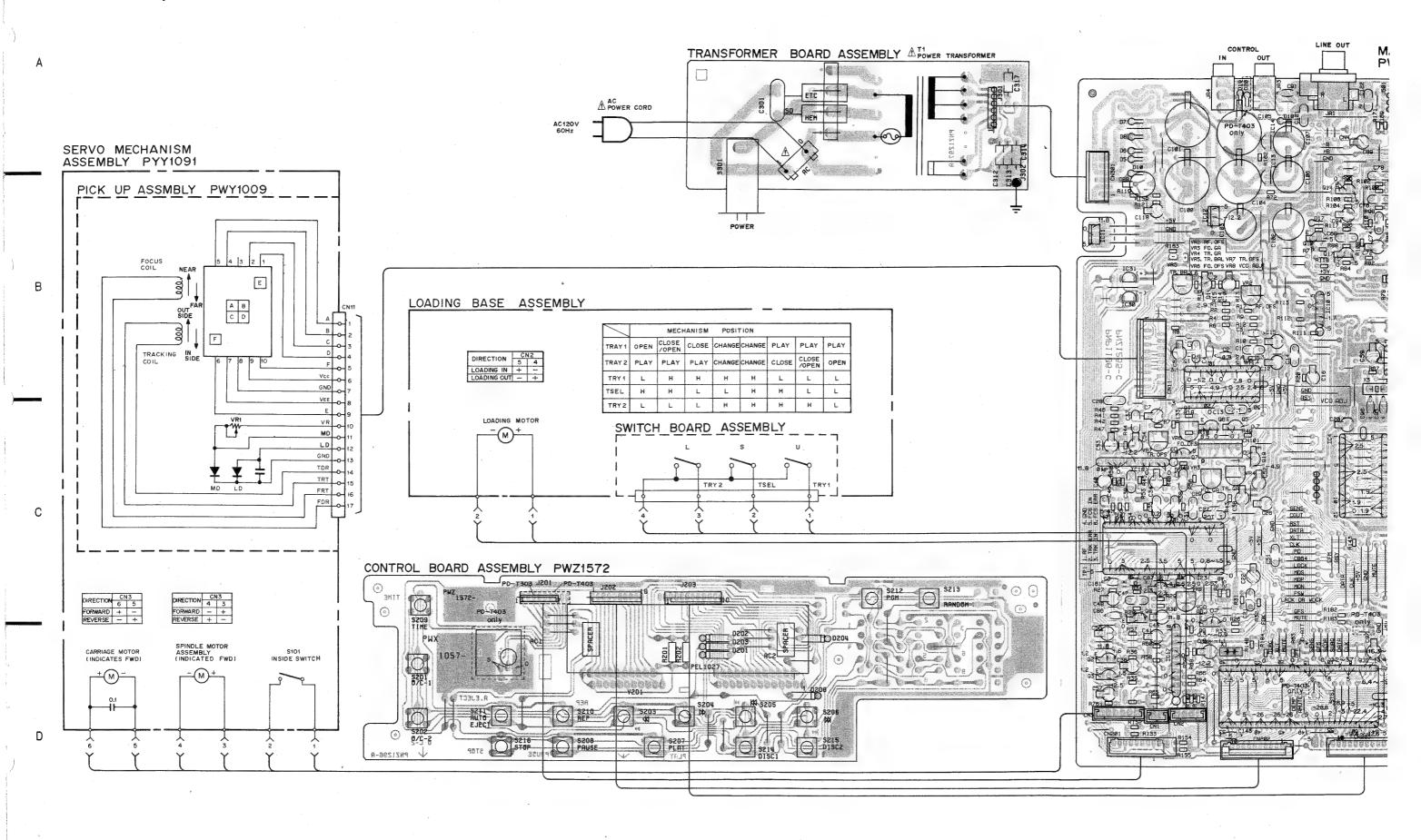
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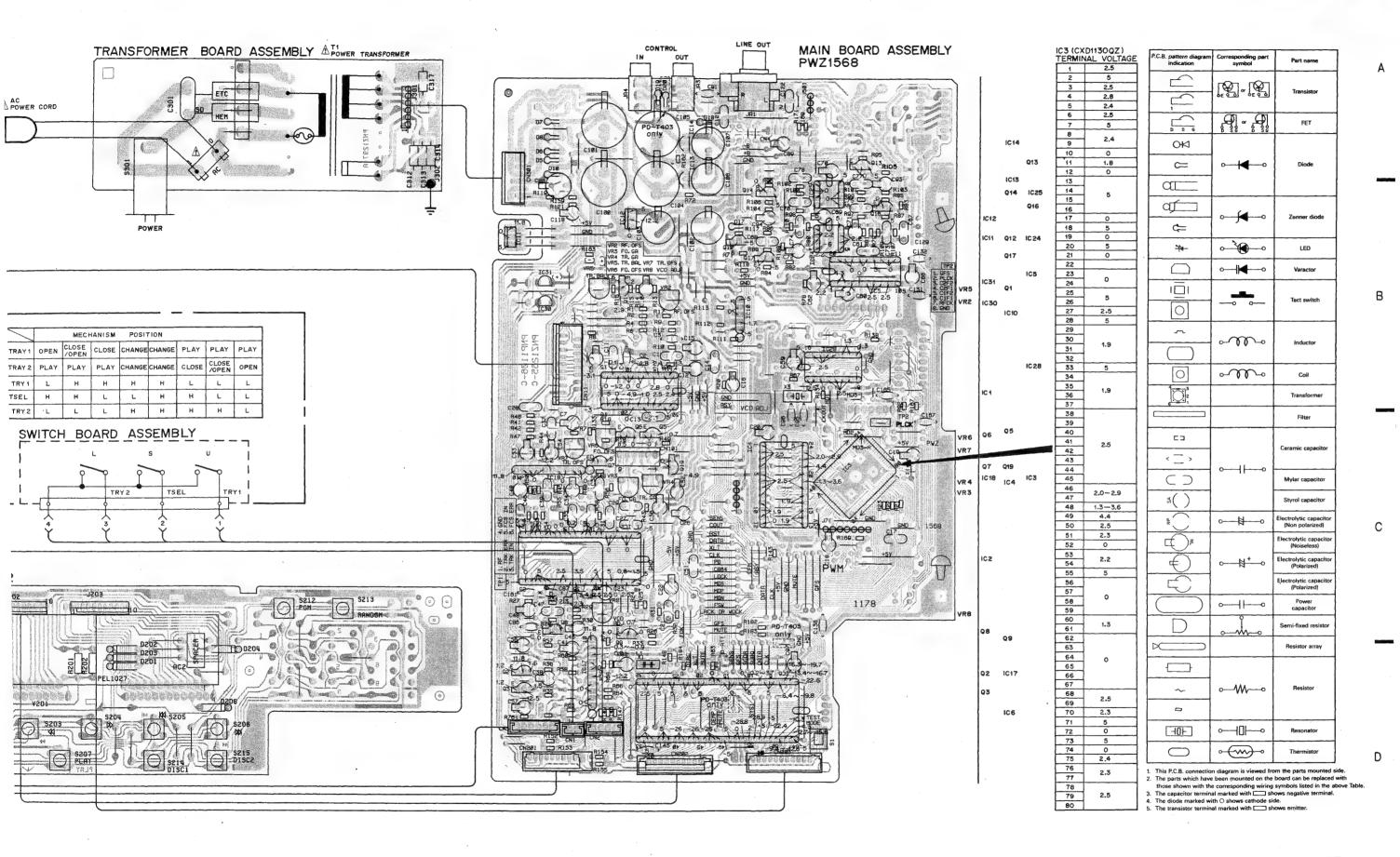
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# 15. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM FOR PD-T303

• View from component side





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MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY PWZ1568 TRANSFORMER BOARD ASSEMBLY A PROMER TRANSFORMER  $\Lambda^{\text{AC}}_{\text{POWER CORD}}$ C11 Q12 IC24 24 25 26 27 27 28 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 34 35 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 60 63 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 69 70 92 1017

Α

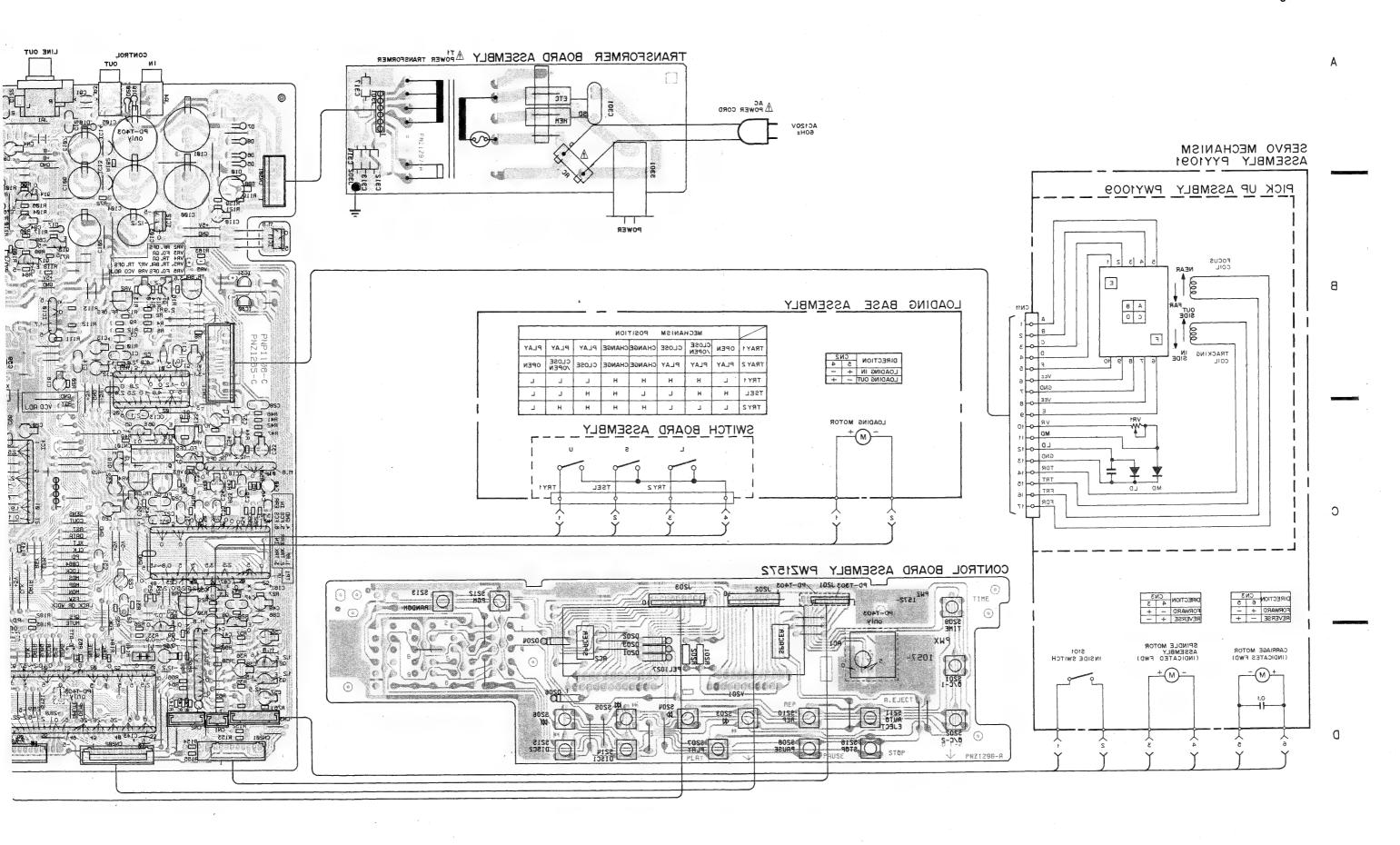
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# 15. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM FOR PD-T303

• View from soldering side



#### ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST FOR PD-T303 16.

#### NOTES:

- · Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- Parts marked by "O" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.
- The A mark found on some component parts indicates the impotance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.
- Ex.1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J=5%, and K=10%).

3 0,0,	,	
560 Ω	$56 \times 10^{1}$	561 ······RD1/4PS 5 6 1 J
$47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$	$47 \times 10^3$	473 ······RD1/4PS473J
$0.5 \Omega$	0R5	RN2H OR 5 K
$1 \Omega$	010	

Ex.2 When there are 3		in high precision metal film	
5.62k $\Omega$ 562 $\times 10^{1}$	5621		RN1/4SR 5621F

Miscellaneous Parts		Mark Symbol & Description Part No.
P. C. BOARD ASSEMBLIES		Q1, Q3 2SA1399 Q7 2SA933S
Mark Symbol & Description		Q5, Q8, Q9, Q16, Q17 2SC1740S Q2 2SC3581 Q13, Q14 2SD1302
<ul> <li>⚠⊙ Main board assembly</li> <li>⊙ Control board assembly</li> <li>⚠ Transformer board assembly</li> <li>Switch board assembly</li> </ul>	PWZ1568 PWZ1572	△ D5-D8 1SR139-100 D10 1SR139-100
OTHERS		D17-D19 1SS254  SWITCH
Mark Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mark Symbol & Description Part No.
<ul> <li>⚠ Strain relief</li> <li>⚠ AC power cord</li> <li>⚠ Power transformer</li> </ul>	CM-22C PDG1015 PTT1091	S1 Tact switch (TEST) PSG1002
Semiconductive ceramic capacitor S101 Slide switch (INSIDE)		CAPACITORS  Mark Symbol & Description Part No.
Spindle motor assembly (with oil) Motor (CARRIAGE, LOADING) Pick—up assembly Motor assembly (CARRIAGE) Motor assembly (LOADING)	PWY1009 PYY1025	C95, C96, C165 CCCCH270J50 C2, C4 CCCCH300J50 C3 CCCCH390J50 C87 CCCSL101J50 C161 CCCSL221J50
⚠ Main Board Assembly SEMICONDUCTORS		C40 CEANP4R7M25 C16, C22 CEASR47M50 C5, C10, C43 CEAS101M10 C88 CEAS101M35
Mark Symbol & Description	Part No.	C102, C103 CEAS102M10
IC1 IC2 IC3 ⚠ IC30, IC31 IC5	CXA1081S CXA1082BS CXD1130QZ ICP-N10 LC7881-C	C71, C72, C93, C94 CEAS220M25 C118 CEAS220M35 C62 CEAS221M10 C100, C101 CEAS222M16 C48 CEAS3R3M50
IC4 IC10 IC24, IC25 ⚠ IC11 ⚠ IC12	LH5116-15 M51955AL NJM4558D-D NJM78M05FA NJM79M05FA	C7, C12, C15, C18, C20, C23, CEAS330M16 C26, C36, C38, C41, C50, C52 – C54, C56, C57, C59, C60, C66, C69, C70, C97, C98 C34 CEAS4R7M50
IC28 IC6 △ IC17, IC18 Q6 Q12, Q19	PD0034 PD4184 TA8410K (V15) DTA124ES DTC124ES	C19 CEAS471M6R3 C61, C86, C91, C143, C167 CKCYF103Z50 C131 – C133 CKCYF473Z50

# PD-T303

<u>Mark</u>	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C30, C51, C121, C122 C14, C17, C46 C31, C32, C35, C39 C29 C13	CQMA102K50 CQMA103K50 CQMA104K50 CQMA272J50 CQMA332J50
	C11, C21, C28, C37 C77, C78 C1, C27, C47 C75, C76 C73, C74	CQMA333K50 CQMA471J50 CQMA472J50 CQMA561J50 CQMA562J50
	C67, C68	CQMA683J50
RESIS	TORS	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R30 VR2 Semi-fixed resistor (10k) VR3-VR7 Semi-fixed resistor (22k)	RN 1/4 PQ3601F VRTB6VS103 VRTB6VS223
	VR8 Semi-fixed resistor (1k) Other resistors	VRTS6VS102 RD 1/6 PM □□□□J
OTHE	RS	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	JA1 Terminal 2P	PKB1009
	(LINE OUT L/R) JA3, JA4 Mini jack	RKN1004
	(CONTROL IN/OUT) X3 Crystal resonator X1 Ceramic resonator	PSS-012 VSS1014
⊙ Co	ntrol Board Assembly	(PWZ1572)
	CONDUCTORS	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	D201-D204	1SS254
SWIT	CHES	
	Symbol & Description	Part No.
		PSG1003
RESIS	STORS	
	Symbol & Description	Part_No.
1916114		RD1/4PM101J
ОТНЕ		
	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	V201 Fluorescent indicator tube	

SWITCH						
Mark Symbol & Description	Part No.					
⚠ S301 Push switch (POWER)	PSA-009					
CAPACITORS						
Mark Symbol & Description	Part No.					
C312-C314, C317 Δ C301 (0.01 μ F/AC400V)	CKPYX103N25 RCG-009					
Switch Board Assembly						
SWITCHES						
Mark Symbol & Description	Part No.					
S601-S603 Push switch (U, S, L)	PSH1008					

# 17. FOR PD-T303/KC AND PD-T403/KU, KC TYPES

# CONTRAST OF MISCELLANEOUS PARTS

#### NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The A mark found on some component parts indicates the impotance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- Parts marked by "O" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

# The PD-T303/KC and PD-T403/KU, KC types are the same as the PD-T303/KU type with the exception of the following sections.

		Part No.				
Mark	Symbol & Description	PD-T303 /KU type	PD-T303 ∕KC type	PD-T403 /KU type	PD-T403 /KC type	Remarks
<b>∆</b> ⊙	Main board assembly Control board assembly Window Control panel unit Remote control unit	PWZ1568 PWZ1572 PAM1280 PYY1105	PWZ1568 PWZ1572 PAM1280 PYY1105	PWZ1567 PWZ1575 PAM1315 PYY1112 PWW1035	PWZ1567 PWZ1575 PAM1315 PYY1112 PWW1035	()
	Packing case Operating instructions (English) Operating instructions (English/French)	PHG1219 PRB1081	PHG1292  PRE1079	PHG1337 PRB1096	PHG1337  PRE1095	

Note: Packing is described in section 13 PACKING FOR PD-T303.

# MAIN BOARD ASSEMBLY (PWZ1567)

The main board assembly (PWZ1567) is the same as the main board assembly (PWZ1568) with the exception of the following sections.

		Part	Remarks	
Mark	Symbol & Description	PWZ1568	PWZ1567	Heiliaiks
	1SS254	••••	D20	

Note: The difference between PWZ1567 and PWZ1568 is described in the PD-T303 schematic diagram and P. C. boards connection diagram.

#### CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY (PWZ1575)

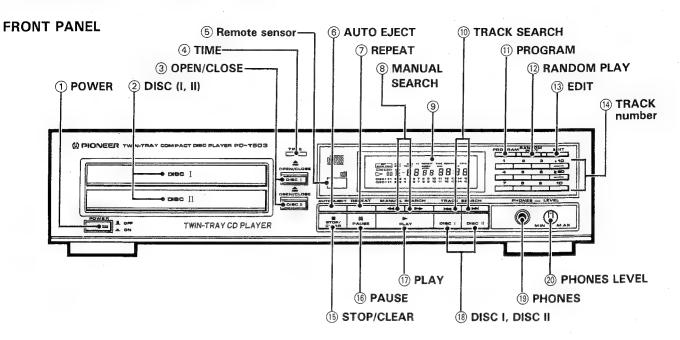
The control board assembly (PWZ1575) is the same as the control board assembly (PWZ1572) with the exception of the following sections.

Mark		Part	Remarks	
	Symbol & Description	PWZ1572	PWZ1575	Horrianks
	Remote sensor unit		GPIU50X	

Note: The difference between PWZ1567 and PWZ1568 is described in the PD-T303 schematic diagram and P. C. boards connection diagram.



# 18 PANEL FACILITIES



#### 1 POWER switch

Press to turn power to the unit ON and OFF.

#### (2) DISC (I, II)

These are where the discs are set. When power is switched ON and the OPEN/CLOSE key is pressed, the tray is ejected forward

To insert the tray, press the OPEN/CLOSE key, or lightly push the tray in with your finger.

## ③ OPEN/CLOSE keys (I, II) (▲)

Press when you wish to eject or load a disc. Each time the key is pressed, the tray is alternately pushed out or pulled in.

#### 4 TIME key

This key selects the display mode of the indicator panel. Each time the key is pressed, the indication changes from TIME, REM, to TOTAL in that order. (For details concerning the display contents, refer to the explanation about the indicators.)

#### (5) Remote sensor

# 6 AUTO EJECT key

Press to perform auto eject playback.

When a disc is finished playing, the disc's disc tray will automatically eject. The other disc tray will close and playback will start. By replacing discs, continuous playback can be maintained.

#### 7 REPEAT key

Press this key for repeat playback. Pressing the key once, twice, or three times will change the repeat mode from single track repeat, all tracks repeat, and repeat playback cancellation.

# MANUAL SEARCH keys (◄◄, ▶►)

When the player is in playback or pause modes, these keys are pressed to perform fast forward or reverse operations to allow manual searching. These operations are only carried out during the time either key is pressed.

#### 9 Indicators

AUTO PGM	:	Displays when auto program editing is set or used.
AUTO EJECT	:	Lights during auto eject playback.
PGM	:	Lights during program mode.
RND	:	Lights during random playback.
DISC	:	Displays the disc number (I or II) of the disc to be played.
$\triangleright$	:	Lights during playback.
00	:	Lights during temporarily interrupted playback.
TRACK	:	Displays the current track number and in- dex number (during normal playback and programmed playback) or the track being programmed and the program steps dur- ing programming operation.
1 ▶ REPEAT	:	Lights during repeat playback of one track
REPEAT	:	Lights during repeat play.

INDEX : Displays the index number of the music section of a track or the track division.

: Displays the program steps.

TIME/REMAIN/TOTAL

STEP

: Changes each time the TIME key is pressed.

TIME : Displays the track number of the track being played (TRACK) and the elapsed time

(minutes and seconds).

■ REMAIN : : Displays the remaining time on the track

being played.

When the TIME key is pressed again, the remaining time on the disc being played will be displayed.

#### TOTAL

: Displays the total number of tracks on the disc (TRACK) and the overall playback time (minutes and seconds) of disc I. When the TIME key is pressed again, the total number of tracks on the disc (TRACK) and the overall playback time of disc II will be displayed.

During playback, the display goes on for about 5 seconds before changing to the TIME display.

# (10) TRACK SEARCH keys (★◄,►►)

During normal playback, programmed playback or pause modes, these keys are pressed to search for the desired track. Pressing either key causes the player to advance to the next track or to return to the previous track. When the player is stopped at PROGRAM mode, the performance time of each track is displayd by pressing the TRACK SEARCH keys.

#### 11 PROGRAM key

Use to program a sequence of tracks.

 Press this key to set the unit to program mode. Then specify the desired DISC and TRACK.

The DISC and TRACK will be programmed as they are entered in this way.

#### (12) RANDOM PLAY key

Press to begin random playback.

#### 13 EDIT key

Press to program a tune which may be played back within a specified time.

#### 14 Track number keys (1 to 10, + 10 and $\ge$ 20)

- These keys are used to specify the track numbers (tracks 1 to 99) for direct track selection or program entry.
- During auto program editing, the keys are used to specify the time period (in minutes).

# 15 STOP/CLEAR key (■)

Press to stop playback. When pressed, the player goes into stop mode and all operations stop.

Press to clear a program. When pressed during stop mode, the

program stored in memory is cleared.

# 16 PAUSE key (▮▮)

Press to temporarily interrupt playback. When pressed again, the pause mode is cancelled and playback resumes.

# ① PLAY key (▶)

Press to begin playback, and to cancel the pause mode.

#### (18) Disc select keys (DISC I, DISC II)

DISC I: Use to select DISC I for playback or programming. DISC II: Use to select DISC II for playback or programming.

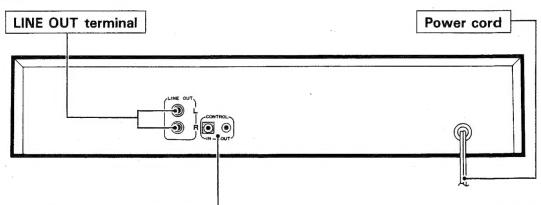
# 19 PHONES (headphones) jack

When you wish to use headphones, insert the plug for the headphones into the headphone jack.

#### 20 PHONES LEVEL control knob

Use to adjust the level of sound when using headphones. Turning the knob to the right increases the sound level.

#### **REAR PANEL**



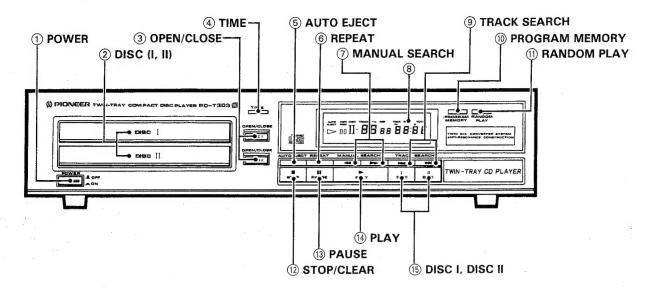
# CONTROL IN terminal (U.S.and Canadian models only)

This terminal is for inputting the remote control signals relayed from an amplifier with a sensor for receiving control signals from a remote control unit and carrying the Pioneer mark. For instructions regarding connection and operation, please refer to the operating instruction manual for your stereo amplifier.

# CONTROL OUT terminal (U.S. and Canadian models only)

This terminal is for further relaying remote control signals to other components carrying the Pioneer mark. Please connect to the control input terminal of the other component.

#### FRONT PANEL



#### 1 POWER switch

Press to turn power to the unit ON and OFF.

#### (2) DISC (I, II)

This is where the disc is set. When power is switched ON and the OPEN/CLOSE key is pressed, the tray is ejected forward. To insert the tray, press the OPEN/CLOSE key, or lightly push the tray in with your finger.

#### ③ OPEN/CLOSE keys (I, II)

Press when you wish to eject or load a disc. Each time the key is pressed, the tray is alternately pushed out or pulled in.

#### TIME key

This key selects the display mode of the indicator panel. Each time the key is pressed, the indication changes from TIME, REM, to TOTAL in that order. (For details concerning the display contents, refer to the explanation about the indicators.)

#### ⑤ AUTO EJECT key

Press to perform auto eject playback.

When a disc is finished playing, the disc's disc tray will automatically eject. The other disc tray will close and playback will start. By replacing discs, continuous playback can be maintained.

# 6 REPEAT key

Press this key for repeat playback. Pressing the key once, twice, or three times will change the repeat mode from single track repeat, all tracks repeat, and repeat playback cancellation.

#### ⑦ MANUAL SEARCH keys (◄◄, ▶►)

When the player is in playback or pause modes, these keys are pressed to perform fast forward or reverse operations to allow manual searching. These operations are only carried out during the time either key is pressed.

#### (8) Indicators

**AUTO EJECT** : Lights during auto eject playback.

: Lights after programming (after program **PGM** 

has been memorized).

: Lights during random playback. RND

DISC : Displays the disc number (I or II) of the disc

to be played.

D : Lights during playback.

: Lights during temporarily interrupted 00

playback.

: Displays the current track number and in-TRACK

dex number (during normal playback and programmed playback) or the track being programmed and the program steps dur-

ing programming operation.

1 ► REP : Lights during repeat playback of one track.

REP : Lights during repeat play.

TIME/REM/TOTAL

: Changes each time the TIME key is

: Displays the track number of the track be-TIME

ing played (TRACK) and the elapsed time

(minutes and seconds).

: Displays the remaining time on the track REM

being played.

When the TIME key is pressed again, the

remaining time on the disc being played

will be displayed.

TOTAL : Displays the total number of tracks on the disc (TRACK) and the overall playback

time (minutes and seconds) of disc I. When the TIME key is pressed again, the total number of tracks on the disc (TRACK) and the overall playback time of disc II will

be displayed.

During playback, the display goes on for about 5 seconds before changing to the

TIME display.

# (9) TRACK SEARCH keys (₩4, ▶>)

During normal playback, programmed playback or pause modes, these keys are pressed to search for the desired track. Pressing either key causes the player to advance to the next track or to return to the previous track. Even in stop mode, these keys can be used to select the desired track. Press the play key to playback the desired track. If the PROGRAM MEMORY key is pressed when the player is stopped to set the program mode, the performance time of each track is displayed each time the track search key is pressed.

#### 10 PROGRAM MEMORY key

Use to program a sequence of tracks.

 Press this key after selecting a desired disc and track with disc select and track search keys. Tunes will be added to the program in the order in which they are specified.

#### (1) RANDOM PLAY key

Press to begin random playback.

## ① STOP/CLEAR key ( ■ )

Press to stop playback. When pressed, the player goes into stop mode and all operations stop.

Press to clear a program. When pressed during stop mode, the program stored in memory is cleared.

# (13) PAUSE key (■■)

Press to temporarily interrupt playback. When pressed again, the pause mode is cancelled and playback resumes.

# (4) PLAY key (▶)

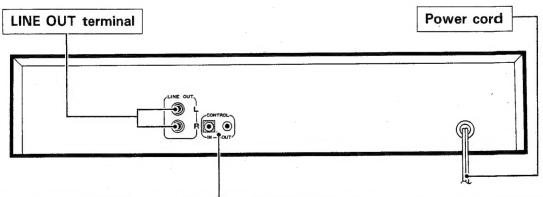
Press to begin playback, and to cancel the pause mode.

#### 15 Disc select keys (DISC I, DISC II)

DISC I: Use to select DISC I for playback or programming. DISC II: Use to select DISC II for playback or programming.

 During playback, when the disc select key for the disc not being played is pressed, the current playback will stop and playback of that disc will begin.

## **REAR PANEL**



#### **CONTROL IN terminal**

This terminal is for inputting the remote control signals relayed from an amplifier with a sensor for receiving control signals from a remote control unit and carrying the Pioneer mark. For instructions regarding connection and operation, please refer to the operating instruction manual for your stereo amplifier.

#### **CONTROL OUT terminal**

This terminal is for further relaying remote control signals to other components carrying the Pioneer mark. Please connect to the control input terminal of the other component.

# 19. SPECIFICATIONS

## PD-T503

#### 1. General

	Type Compact disc digital audio system Power requirements
	European models AC 220V, 50/60Hz
	U.K., Australian models AC 240V, 50/60Hz
	U.S., Canadian models AC 120V, 60Hz
	Other models AC 110/120-127/220/240V
	(switchable), 50/60Hz
F	Power consumption 16W
C	Operating temperature $+5^{\circ}C-+35^{\circ}C$
	(+41°F-+95°F)
٧	Veight 4.2kg (9lb, 4oz)
E	xternal dimensions
	$16-9/16(W) \times 12-25/32(D) \times 3-9/16(H)$ in.

#### 2 Audio section

Z. Audio section
Frequency response
S/N 104dB or more (EIAJ)
Dynamic range
Channel separation 96dB or more (EIAJ)
Output voltage 2.0V
Wow and flutter Limit of measurement
(±0.001% W.PEAK) or less (EIAJ)
Number of channels

#### 3. Functions

- Play
- Pause
- Track search
- Manual search
- Programmed playback
- Programmed repeat
- Pause program
- Auto program edit
- Single track repeat
- Sequential disc all track repeat
- Relay playback
- Random relay play
- Program relay play
- Auto eject play
- Auto eject random play
- Auto eject program play
- Random play
- Random repeat
- Timer start

# 4. Accessories

•	Remote control unit	1
•	Size AAA/R03 dry cell batteries	2
•	Remote control cord	1
	(U.S. and Canadian models only)	
	Output cable	1
•	Operating instructions	1

#### NOTE:

The specifications and design of this product are subject to change without notice, due to improvements.

## PD-T303

#### 1. General

Type	Compact disc digital audio system
Power requirements	
European models	AC 220V, 50/60Hz
	ls AC 240V, 50/60Hz
U.S., Canadian models	s AC 120V, 60Hz
Other models	AC 110/120-127/220/240V
	(switchable), 50/60Hz
Power consumption	16W
Operating temperature .	+5°C-+35°C
	(+41°F-+95°F)
	4.1kg (9lb)
External dimensions	420(W) × 324(D) × 90(H)mm
	$16-9/16(W) \times 12-3/4(D) \times 3-9/16(H)$ in.

#### 2. Audio section

Frequency response	4Hz-20kHz (+0.5dB) (EIAJ)
S/N	102dB or more (EIAJ)
Dynamic range	90dB or more (EIAJ)
Channel separation .	95dB or more (EiAJ)
Output voltage	1.8V
Wow and flutter	Limit of measurement
	(±0.001% W.PEAK) or less (EIAJ)
Number of channels	2 channels (stereo)

#### 3. Functions

- Play
- Pause
- Track search
- Manual search
- Programmed playback
- Programmed repeat
- Pause program
- Single track repeat
- Sequential disc all track repeat
- Relay playback
- Auto eject play
- Auto eject random play
- Random play
- Random repeat
- Timer start

#### 4. Accessories

•	Remote control cord	1
•	Output cable	1
	Operating instructions	

#### NOTE.

The specifications and design of this product are subject to change without notice, due to improvements.